

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

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CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, JUNE 2, 1898.

NUMBER 41.

NEW AND STYLISH

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We wish to reduce our stock of Woolens and Trimmings, consisting of the very best goods for Suits, Overcoats, Odd Pants and Vests, also some of those valuable Remnants for Children's Suits and Knee Pants, before removing to our new store. So for the next

10 DAYS

We shall offer you the choice of our large stock at greatly reduced prices, in order to get the goods cut and thereby keep our large force of workers employed while we are moving into our new store.

Samples Furnished on Application.

We carry the largest and best stock, and employ the most and best tailors and tailoress in Washtenaw County. It will save you dollars in value, and afford you hours of pleasure, if you leave your order with us. We show you the goods not samples.

J. J. RAFTREY,

The Leading Tailor, Chelsea, Michigan.



WE

Now have a

Complete Stock

Buggies, Road Wagons, Surries, and Farm Wagons,

In our New Store on Middle Street.

Call and get our lowest prices before you purchase. It will pay you.

W. J. KNAPP.

Memorial Sunday at Chelsea.

A magnificent audience assembled in St. Mary's church last Sunday, to attend the Memorial services given in memory of the honored and heroic dead. The sacred edifice was elaborately and beautifully decorated with the national colors, and "Old Glory" never looked down upon a more impressive or inspiring scene. Fully 1000 people were present, and about 200 were turned away for lack of room.

Rev. Father Considine had prepared a splendid program, and it was splendidly carried out. The Ministers of the different churches, the members of the local post of the G. A. R. and the ladies of the W. R. C. with all the prominent non-Catholic citizens of Chelsea occupied the place of honor just in front of the sanctuary. As it was the great and glorious feast of Pentecost the altars were elegantly decorated with lovely flowers and many lights, and the superb candelabra were most conspicuous on each side of the main altar. The interior of the holy temple was tastefully adorned, and made a beautiful picture. The services were most impressive, and congregation gave rapt and undivided attention to every number on the interesting program. The singing was certainly fine. The beautiful pipe organ was greatly enjoyed by all present. The feature of the day's exercises was the magnificent address of the esteemed pastor of the church, the Rev. William P. Considine, who was so highly honored by the old veterans. It is the simple truth to state that never has such a patriotic, impressive and eloquent address ever been given in Chelsea.

The vast audience was delighted at the fervid and brilliant oratory of the reverend gentleman, who spoke so lovingly and admirably of our beloved country. Those, who had the good fortune to be present, will never forget the inspiring words of the eloquent speaker. No pen, Mr. Editor, can do justice to the scene. To our knowledge it was the first time that Memorial services under the auspices of the G. A. R. were ever held in a Catholic church in our State, and we fervently hope it will not be the last.

You should have heard the grand singing of "Columbia" by the entire audience, which so deeply stirred the patriotic souls of all. The compliments and congratulations showered up Father Considine, especially by non-Catholics, were numberless. The old soldiers, and citizens generally, were deeply grateful at the great honors given to the veterans by Father Considine and his people. After the blessing of the pastor, the great audience slowly and happily left the sacred house, to the sweet strains of "Nearer My God to Thee." Miss Mary Clark presided most acceptably at the organ. Mr. Louis Burg's delightful tenor voice was heard to great advantage, and St. Mary's choir, re-inforced by local singers from the other churches, rendered admirable service.

As a happy memento of the great day, may I ask you to print, as a fitting close to this poor report of a notable performance, the program which I enclose?

PROGRAM.

Hymn—solo and chorus, Come Holy Spirit
Mr. Louis Burg. St. Mary's Choir.

Prayer for the Civil Authorities.

Song, Just Before the Battle, Mother
Double Male Quartette.

Address, Rev. W. P. Considine

Song, The Vacant Chair
Double Male Quartette.

National Anthem, Red, White and Blue
By the Entire Congregation.

Benediction.

God Save the Republic.

L. M.

The Discovery of the Day.

Ang. J. Bogel, the leading druggist of Shreveport, La., says: "Dr. King's New Discovery is the only thing that cures my cough, and it is the best seller I have." J. F. Campbell, merchant of Safford, Ariz., writes: "Dr. King's New Discovery is all that is claimed for it; it never fails, and is a sure cure for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I cannot say enough for its merits." Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is not an experiment. It has been tried for a quarter of a century, and to-day stands at the head. It never disappoints. Free trial bottles at Glazier & Stimson's drug store.

JUNE

Will soon bring warm weather and that will remind you of the soda fountain at the

Bank Drug Store

When you stop there bear in mind several things. We are still showing a large assortment of

Wall Paper

At the lowest prices. Our stock of

DRUGS IS COMPLETE.

We try to make the Bank Drug Store the most satisfactory place in Chelsea for you to buy groceries.

We are selling:

Try our 25c N. O. molasses.

Lamp wicks 1c per yard.

Chicce honey 12c per lb.

Light table syrup 25c per gal.

Cucumber pickles 5c per doz.

Good tomatoes 7c per can.

25 boxes matches for 25c.

5 boxes tacks for 5c.

6 doz clothespins for 5c.

Good Coffee 10 cents per pound.

Electric kerosine oil 9 cents gal.

7 cakes Jackson soap for 25 cents.

Good sugar corn 7 cents per can.

Good Alaska Salmon 10c per can

Good sugar syrup 20c per gal.

8 pounds best oatmeal for 25 cents.

7 cans sardines for 25 cents.

4 1/2 lbs crackers for 25c.

Poultry powder 15c per package.

18 pounds Fine Granulated Sugar for \$1.00

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Is his certificate of respectability.

Suits and Overcoats we produce have this certificate. Try us and be convinced.

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THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

THE WEEK'S NEWS

Happenings of the Past Seven Days in Brief.

ROUND ABOUT THE WORLD

Casualties and Fires, Personal and Political Notes, Business Failures and Resumptions, Weather Record.

INTELLIGENCE FROM ALL PARTS

CONGRESSIONAL.

Proceedings of First Regular Session.

In the senate on the 23d a bill was introduced providing for a gradual increase in the number of officers of the corps of engineers and the war revenue measure was further discussed. In the house the senate bill providing for the payment of volunteers from their enrollment was passed, as was also a bill providing that officers of the regular army who may be made staff officers in the volunteer service shall not vacate their office in the regular army. A bill was introduced authorizing the construction of five first-class cruisers, ten torpedo boats and 13 torpedo boat destroyers.

The time was occupied in the senate on the 24th in discussing the war revenue bill. In the house bills were passed for the organization of the naval hospital corps and to facilitate military trials for small offenses.

An appropriation bill of \$8,498,405 to supply deficiencies in pensions and for other purposes was passed in the senate on the 25th and the war revenue measure was further considered. In the house a bill was passed granting certain lands to the territory of New Mexico for common school, college, university, charitable institutions, public buildings, irrigating and Rio Grande river improvement purposes.

WAR NEWS.

Three rumors were current in the navy department with reference to the Spanish fleet. One was that Sampson had arrived off Santiago and had found the Spanish fleet still there. The second rumor was that the Spanish fleet had once more escaped and was heading to the Windward Islands or the more northern group of Leeward Islands, and the third was that Admiral Sampson had met Cervera and destroyed the Spanish fleet.

Prize money for Sampson's fleet accruing from captures made will reach \$750,000, of which sum Admiral Sampson will receive \$150,000.

The battleship Oregon arrived at Jupiter, on the east coast of Florida.

It was officially announced at the navy department that no report had been received from Admiral Sampson or Commodore Schley of an engagement with the Spanish fleet, and that the department was not in receipt of any official information on the subject. It is believed that the Spanish fleet is in the harbor of Santiago de Cuba and that the squadrons of Admiral Sampson and Commodore Schley are guarding the entrance to that harbor to prevent its escape.

Admiral Dewey cables Washington officials that he is maintaining a strict blockade at Manila. Foreign residents were fleeing to Cavite to gain protection of the American fleet, fearing an outbreak on the part of the Spanish soldiers.

All the telegraph cables through which Madrid could get tidings from Cuba have, with one exception, been cut.

A Spanish spy captured on the steamship Panama has been identified as Lieut. Sobral, formerly Spanish naval attaché at Washington.

Lieut. Meyler, U. S. A., completed planting the mines in San Diego harbor and the entire channel is now protected.

Persons arriving at Kingston, Jamaica, from Havana declare that Cuba is able to resist only one month longer, owing to scarcity of provisions.

Three transport ships sailed from San Francisco for the Philippines with 2,500 men and ammunition and supplies for one year.

Madrid officially reports that Cervera and his fleet are at Santiago de Cuba, and that an American (Schley's) squadron is patrolling the entrance to the bay.

The administration has decided on an immediate military invasion of Puerto Rico and Cuba.

Sampson's fleet of ironclads was off Havana in position to bombard the city, and had received detailed instructions and was prepared to pave the way for the landing of the military expedition for the invasion of Cuba.

President McKinley issued a proclamation calling for 75,000 more volunteers. This will make the total army strength, regular and volunteer, 280,000.

Spain sent a note inviting the powers to protest jointly against the blockade of Cuba, but no replies were received.

DOMESTIC.

Thomas Spear shot his wife and then himself at Cincinnati in a fit of jealousy.

The visible supply of grain in the United States on the 23d was: Wheat, 23,085,000 bushels; corn, 19,504,000 bushels; oats, 8,141,000 bushels; rye, 1,448,000 bushels; barley, 486,000 bushels.

Fire destroyed the principal business portion of the village of Clifton, Ill.

Fred Spoor shot and killed his wife at Indianapolis and then shot himself. Jealousy was the cause.

Joseph Mitchell (colored), an Illinois Central brakeman, was hanged by a mob at Rives, Tenn., for shoving a white boy off a moving train.

In a tenement house fire in Kansas City, Mo., Mrs. Henry Ruyter and Bud Payne were suffocated.

A passenger train on the Santa Fe road was held up near Belen, N. M., by two men who robbed the express car.

Dasey, Selzer and Russell, riding a triplet, broke the world's bicycle record for one mile at Denver, Col., the time being 1:46 1-5.

The reports as to the condition of the crops throughout the country were all favorable.

The thirty-second annual encampment of the Wisconsin G. A. R. opened at Appleton.

The United States Supreme court announces the final adjournment of the court for the term on the 31st inst.

Of the 3,000 Kansas volunteers mustered into service fully 600 are school-teachers.

William H. Slayton's suit to recover \$50,000 from Mrs. Hetty Green for legal services has been discontinued.

George Francis Train, Jr., who claims to be a son of "the sage of Madison square," attempted suicide at Coney Island by taking laudanum. He will recover.

Gov. Tanner has decided upon June 21 as Illinois day at the Trans-Mississippi exposition in Omaha.

Two American girls and a Mexican girl were drowned near Cuero, Tex., while bathing in the Guadalupe river.

The Mennonites of Newton, Kan., will hold weekly prayer meetings to invoke divine intervention in the present war, with the result that it shall cease.

John M. Douglass, convicted of murdering his wife, was sentenced in Ogden, Utah, to imprisonment for life.

Gen. T. S. Clarkson, of Omaha, past grand commander of the Grand Army of the Republic, has been appointed general manager of the Trans-Mississippi exposition.

The semicentennial anniversary of Prof. Joseph Emerson's connection with Beloit (Wis.) college was celebrated. He was one of the first two professors of the institution.

Elbert Harris (colored) was whipped to death by a mob at Iva, S. C. He was charged with burning the railroad depot.

A reign of terror prevailed in Key West because of tough characters assembled there and the citizens asked for martial law.

Alfred Lamb killed his wife and then committed suicide at San Diego, Cal. Jealousy and drink were the causes of the crime.

The Massachusetts legislature passed a bill forbidding the printing on United States flags of the names of any but state militia and grand army veteran organizations.

Dr. John G. Ferguson, a prominent dentist, and William M. Smith, a switchman on the Missouri Pacific road, killed each other in St. Louis in a duel over a girl.

Bailey Decker (colored) fatally shot his white wife at Tottenville, Staten Island, and then killed himself.

Dick Oliver, a young negro, was lynched near Donaldsonville, Ga., for attempted assault upon a white woman.

The population of Chicago, according to the forthcoming issue of the new city directory, is approximately 1,880,000.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Henry S. Foraker, father of Senator J. B. Foraker, of Ohio, died at Hillsboro, O., aged 83 years.

Gen. Henry R. Jackson, minister to Austria under President Buchanan and to Mexico under Cleveland, died in Savannah, Ga.

In the Fifth Illinois district the people's party nominated William League for congress.

Indiana republicans renominated George W. Steele for congress in the Eleventh district, nominated G. W. Cromer in the Eighth district and renominated Charles Landis in the Ninth district.

The democrats of the Eighteenth Illinois district renominated Thomas M. Jett for congress.

Gen. George W. Clark, an employe of the land office, died at Washington. He was colonel of the Thirty-third and Thirty-fourth Iowa infantry in the civil war.

The Arkansas republicans will hold their state convention at Little Rock on June 29.

In convention in Indianapolis the Indiana prohibitionists nominated a state ticket headed by Aaron Worth, of Jay county, for secretary of state.

The Fifth district republicans in Minnesota nominated Loren Fletcher for congress for the fourth time by acclamation.

The republicans of the First district of Indiana have renominated James M. Hemenway for congress.

FOREIGN.

The mutterings of the people throughout Spain are becoming ominous, and the government officials think a crisis near at hand. A bread famine is beginning.

The second trial of Emile Zola, on charges of criminal libel against the members of the Esterhazy court-martial, was opened in Versailles.

Sir John T. Gilbert, the historian of Ireland, died in London. He was born in Dublin in 1829.

Michael Davitt writes that Ireland is with America in its struggle for Cuba, and that there is no prospect of a European coalition in favor of Spain.

In the Spanish senate the cabinet announced that steps were being taken looking to the fitting out of privateers. Thirteen miners were killed by an explosion of fire damp in a colliery near Mons, Belgium.

LATER.

Discussion of the war revenue measure occupied the time of the United States senate on the 26th. In the house the pension deficiency bill as amended and passed by the senate was passed and a bill to amend the internal revenue laws was discussed.

A bill providing for a second assistant secretary of war, to be named by the president and to receive a salary of \$4,000, was passed in the United States senate on the 27th. Senator Lodge (Mass.) offered an amendment to the war revenue bill providing for the annexation of Hawaii. In the house the senate joint resolution authorizing the secretary of the navy to present a sword of honor to Admiral Dewey and bronze medals to the officers and men of the Asiatic squadron, in memory of Dewey's great victory, was passed. At the night session 28 pension bills were passed, adjourned to the 31st.

Capt. Clark, who reached Key West with the battleship Oregon and is rapidly getting into shape for active work.

A train on the Midland Terminal railroad ran into a hand car near Gillette, Col., and four men on the hand car were killed.

Admiral Sampson's fleet has returned to a point near Havana after six days of scouting for hostile ships along the Cuban coast.

The states are readily responding to the second call for volunteers.

In a fight at the camp of the two bandits who held up the Santa Fe express near Albuquerque, N. M., three officers were shot dead and the robbers escaped.

Seven men from Nashua, N. H., and Haverhill, Mass., were drowned by the breaking of the ice in Frazier lake in Alaska.

The republicans of the Twelfth Indiana district have nominated Dr. Christian B. Stemen for congress.

Arrangements were being made at San Francisco to send the second and third detachments of troops to aid Admiral Dewey at Manila without delay.

Envoys from Gen. Garcia sent to Washington to arrange plans of cooperation with the American forces say there are between 20,000 and 25,000 Cubans now in the field.

President McKinley, Secretaries Long and Alger, Gen. Miles and others held an important conference at which the bombardment of Havana and Puerto Rico was agreed on.

The queen regent of Spain was urged to flee from that country in fear of threatened revolution.

Commodore Schley cabled to Washington that he had the Spanish armada under Admiral Cervera securely cooped up in the harbor of Santiago de Cuba.

Twenty-one of the twenty-nine Spanish prizes in Key West harbor were condemned by the judge and ordered to be disposed of by the marshal.

In a collision at sea the British steamer Mecca was sunk and her captain and 52 other persons were drowned.

The residence of A. Richter was destroyed by fire at Iron Mountain, Mich., and two children were burned to a crisp and two others were fatally burned.

Engineer Hudson and two brakemen, Severson and Matthews, were killed in a freight collision near Dayton, Tenn.

While miners were working in a colliery near Pittsville, Pa., a large body of water was struck, and six men were drowned.

Fire among business houses in Dallas, Tex., caused a loss of \$350,000, and J. W. Cowan was burned to death.

Edward Hammerstrom, of Knoxville, Ill., drowned his little girl in a tub of water and shot himself. Temporary insanity caused the tragedy.

The gunboat Zaifre arrived at Hong-Kong from Manila and reported that all was quiet at Admiral Dewey's station.

There were 245 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 27th, against 250 the week previous and 214 in the corresponding period of 1897.

President McKinley has nominated 28 brigadier generals for the volunteer army.

Advices from Tampa, Fla., say 10,000 men have sailed for Cuba and ere this have effected a junction with the insurgents.

Gen. Blanco telegraphed to Madrid that Cervera's squadron was at Santiago, but definite information had not reached Washington.

Eugene Burt was hanged at Austin, Tex., for the murder of his wife and two children in July, 1896.

Spain has abandoned hope of aid from European powers.

All lines of business throughout the country are reported good, with an increase in exports.

The percentages of the baseball clubs in the National league for the week ended on the 28th were: Cincinnati, .667; Cleveland, .719; Boston, .625; New York, .567; Chicago, .548; Baltimore, .538; Pittsburgh, .531; Brooklyn, .407; Philadelphia, .393; Louisville, .333; St. Louis, .310; Washington, .233.

KEEPS CLOSE WATCH.

Schley's Squadron Won't Allow Cervera to Escape.

If Help Is Needed, Sampson and His Fleet Are in a Position to Render It—Havana May Soon Be Bombarded.

Key West, Fla., May 27.—Definite news of the American squadrons operating in Cuban waters was received here Thursday afternoon fully confirming the general situation outlined in these dispatches Thursday morning. Commodore Schley is believed to be off Santiago de Cuba, and definite information as to the exact situation in so far as it affects Admiral Cervera's squadron may be expected soon. Rear Admiral Sampson is in a position to proceed quickly to the assistance of Commodore Schley with any or all of his ships on receipt of definite word from Commodore Schley, and at the same time he remains within striking distance of Havana. If, however, Commodore Schley reports that Admiral Cervera is bottled up at Santiago de Cuba, the naval view is that he will be permitted to finish the business at that point with the ships now under his direct command.

Key West is satisfied that Commodore Schley really has Admiral Cervera's Spanish fleet penned up in Santiago bay. If Cervera was in Santiago bay Tuesday night the Spanish squadron is eliminated from the war equation, for one of the American battleships could hold the Spaniards inside the narrow entrance indefinitely. Whether Commodore Schley's ships and Schley's men are equal to the task of entering the harbor or not is beyond saying. At least he can blockade the harbor and the supply in the lockers of Cervera's ships will work out the problem.

To Bombard Havana.

Washington, May 27.—Two telegrams were received in Washington late Thursday night from Key West intimating that a bombardment of Havana is imminent. The telegrams, of course, passed through the hands of the censor, who found nothing objectionable in the suggestion that to-day or Saturday the navy department would have an official report that Havana had been bombarded.

Gives Out No News.

Washington, May 27.—Secretary Long said at the close of office hours Thursday that no word had come from any of the scouting vessels so numerous in West Indian waters concerning the Spanish flying squadron, wherefore he concluded that Cervera was still in Santiago harbor. Supposedly Schley is lying outside watching the entrance to prevent the egress of the Spanish vessels, but, while there is evidence of a certain kind on that fact, there has been no official confirmation of it. This is a little remarkable in view of the fact that it is only a day's run for one of Schley's swift torpedo boats from Santiago to a cable port in Hayti. There is also a curious lack of information from newspaper dispatch boats on this point. It was supposed that the censors might have exercised from the dispatches of the newspaper men any reference to the fleets, but this would apply, according to the statement of the navy department officials here, only to that part of the dispatches that might relate to the movements and whereabouts of the United States forces, and the censor's rules would not exclude reference to the Spanish squadron.

Military Operations Retarded.

Notwithstanding the officials profess unshaken confidence in their original belief that the Spanish squadron is securely bottled up in Santiago harbor, there is no concealment by them of an intense desire to secure some absolutely trustworthy information on that point.

Conference at the White House.

Probably it was this uncertain state of affairs that induced the president to call a consultation at the white house Monday between Secretaries Alger and Long, Gen. Miles and the members of the naval war board, Admiral Sicard, Capt. Crownshield and Capt. Mahan. As stated by one of the members of the conference, the purpose was to go over the whole situation, from the Philippines to Cuba and Puerto Rico, and decide just how far the plans already laid should be modified to meet existing conditions.

Plans Discussed.

This involved a discussion of such important points as the propriety of the immediate advance of the military forces upon Cuba; the credibility of the advices so far had touching the location of the Spanish squadron; the policy of preceding the Cuban expedition, or accompanying it with one directed against Puerto Rico and, finally, the extent of the military assistance to be sent to Admiral Dewey at Manila. As already indicated, the proceedings were rather in the nature of a consultation than of a war council, where a full decision is demanded at once, so that it is not probable that all of these important questions were disposed of at the council. None of the members of the conference felt authorized to tell what had taken place, but there are thought to be patent indications of a decision to embark military expeditions in the course of the next few days, whether for Cuba or Puerto Rico can only be conjectured.

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Do you get that which has the power to eradicate from your blood all poisonous taints and thus remove the cause of disease? Do you buy HOOD'S Sarsaparilla and only Hood's? If you do, you may take it with the utmost confidence that it will do you good. Remember.

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A Cheap Farm and a Good One.

Do you want a good farm, where you can work outdoors in your shirt sleeves for ten months in the year, and where your stock can forage for itself all the year round? If so, write to P. Sid Jones, Passenger Agent, Birmingham, Ala., or Dr. R. B. Crawford, Traveling Passenger Agent, 6 Rookery Building, Chicago, Ill.

Do you want to go down and look at some of the Garden Spots of this country? The Louisville & Nashville Railroad provides the way and the opportunity on the first and third Tuesday of each month, with excursions at only two dollars over one fare, for round trip tickets. Write Mr. C. P. Atmore, General Passenger Agent, Louisville, Ky., for particulars.

Do you want to read about them before going? Then send ten cents in silver or postage stamps for a copy of "Garden Spots" to Mr. Atmore.

The Omaha Exposition of 1898

Beats the Centennial Exposition which occurred in Philadelphia in 1876 away out of sight and is next to the World's Fair at Chicago in importance to the whole country. All of the States in the Trans-Mississippi region are interested, and our Eastern friends will enjoy a visit to Omaha during the continuance of the Exposition, from June to October, inclusive.

Buy your excursion tickets over the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R'y. An illustrated folder descriptive of the Exposition will be sent you on receipt of 2-cent stamp for postage. Address Geo. H. Headford, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

McVicker's Theater, Chicago.

"Shenandoah" is having an unprecedented run, and people are securing seats four weeks in advance.

"I thought she was a dream before I married her," he said. "And now?" queried his friend. "Well, I am convinced that dreams go by contraries."—Brooklyn Life.

Time and court plaster heal all wounds.—Chicago Daily News.

"I DO MY OWN WORK."

So Says Mrs. Mary Rochiette of Linden, New Jersey, in this Letter to Mrs. Pinkham.

"I was bothered with a flow which would be quite annoying at times, and at others would almost stop.

"I used prescriptions given me by my physician, but the same state of affairs continued.

"After a time I was taken with a flooding, that I was obliged to keep my bed. Finally, in despair, I gave up my doctor, and began taking your medicine, and have certainly been greatly benefited by its use.

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has indeed been a friend to me.

"I am now able to do my own work, thanks to your wonderful medicine. I was as near death I believe as I could be, so weak that my pulse scarcely beat and my heart had almost given out. I could not have stood it one week more. I am sure. I never thought I would be so grateful to any medicine.

"I shall use my influence with any one suffering as I did, to have them use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

Every woman that is puzzled about her condition should secure the sympathetic advice of a woman who understands. Write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., and tell her your ills.



OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Uicerine Salve is the only sure cure for the world for Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Wounds, Swellings, Fever Sores, and all Old Sores. Never fails. Draws out all poison. Saves expense and suffering. Cures permanent. Best salve for Bone Caruncles, Fleshy Sores, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, and all Fresh Wounds. By mail, small size, 25 cents. Book free. J. P. ALLEN MEDICAL CO., St. Paul, Minn. Sold by Druggists.

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COST OF AN EDUCATION.

Some Interesting Facts on This Subject Furnished by the University of Michigan.

EXPENSES BEGIN UPON LEAVING HOME.

Ways in Which Economy May Be Practiced If Necessary - Numerous Methods of Earning Part of the Fees - Young Women Have Fewer Opportunities.

[Special Correspondence.] Ann Arbor, Mich., May 25.—You have finished your work in the high school. What are you going to do next? Perhaps you want to go to college, but your parents must consider whether they can afford it.

If you live in Michigan, you can go to the University of Michigan much more cheaply than to Harvard, Cornell or the University of Chicago. This is not only because the entrance fee of ten dollars and the annual tuition of \$30 have been made intentionally low, as is fitting at a state university intended primarily for the citizens of Michigan, but the cost of living in Ann Arbor is much less than in these two universities, with which it ranks in size and in the quality of the advantages it offers.

When Expenses Begin. Your expenses will begin at once with your railroad transportation in leaving home, and the 25 cents conveying your trunk to your new place of residence. If you must economize, probably you will take a roommate. In this way a suite of two good rooms can be secured for two dollars a week, your share being half. Thus for 36 weeks your room rent will be as many dollars.

Other Expenses. As to the other expenses, some idea can be gained from the following table, prepared by a Ludington student now in the university, who has only a limited sum to depend upon: Matriculation fee, \$10; tuition, \$30; student's supplies, books, etc., \$20; board for 36 weeks at \$2.72; room rent, \$36; lighting, \$5; subscriptions and entertainments, \$13; laundry, \$12; transportation from Ludington, \$20. Total, \$227.

Costs Women More. A young woman's expenses will be somewhat more, chiefly in the items of board and room, since a young woman cannot put up with quite as limited quarters, or quite as plain ones as a young man, and still have a place suitable to receive callers in. Here is a schedule of a young woman's expenses for a year, furnished by a student now at the university: Matriculation fee, \$10; tuition, \$30; board, \$25.50 per week, \$90; room rent, \$1.50 per week, \$54; Books, \$12.50; stamps, \$5; stationery, \$5; laundry, \$12; amusements and entertainments, \$12; doctors and dentists, \$10.68; sundries, \$13; transportation, \$12. Total, \$267.18.

Chances to Earn Money. There are numerous ways of earning part of these expenses during residence at college. Nearly all of the boarding houses employ men students as waiters. Competition is keen here, so it is desirable to be early on the ground if you wish a position of this kind. Many students also attend to furnaces in return for their room rent. Some collect for laundries. A knowledge of typewriting is frequently profitable. There is always some opportunity for newspaper work, but that is available to the few only. One freshman student in the past year paid his current living expenses completely by waiting on table for his board and tutoring some children for two dollars per week. His room being one dollar, he had the other dollar for laundry and incidentals. Certain positions as attendants in the university library are also available. These pay as high as \$300 per year. Exceptional advanced students also may hope for appointment as laboratory assistants in their senior year, with a compensation of \$150.

How Women Help Themselves. Young women have fewer opportunities than men to earn their way. A very few wait on table or assist in household work, at stated hours. One girl this year has taken charge of three children in a professor's family in return for her room and board, having certain hours free to herself. Some girls do newspaper work, mending or typewriting. It is, however, certain that a young woman secures more from her college life if she is not obliged to earn her way.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

Knights Templar. The Michigan Grand Commandery, Knights Templar, held its forty-second annual convocation in Port Huron and elected officers as follows:

Right eminent grand commander, Francis M. Moore, Marquette; very eminent deputy grand commander, Eugene P. Robertson, Albion; eminent grand generalissimo, Philip T. Van Zile, Detroit; eminent grand captain general, Rev. F. A. Blades, Detroit; eminent grand prelate, Charles R. Hawley, Bay City; eminent grand senior warden, James Findlater, Detroit; eminent grand junior warden, Thomas E. Borden, Saginaw; eminent grand treasurer, Charles A. Warren, Detroit; eminent grand recorder, John A. Gerow, Detroit; eminent grand standard bearer, Richard D. Swartout, Grand Rapids; eminent grand sword bearer, Frank C. Holmes, Alpena; eminent grand warder, Dr. J. H. Crawford, Flint; eminent grand sentinel, Andrew J. Brow, Detroit.

Health in Michigan. Reports to the state board of health from 71 observers in various portions of the state for the week ended May 21 indicate that inflammation of the bowels increased and pneumonia decreased in area of prevalence. Consumption was reported at 159 places, measles at 59, typhoid fever at 26, scarlet fever at 31, diphtheria at 17, and whooping cough at 15 places.

The Homeopaths. The State Homeopathic society in session in Grand Rapids elected officers as follows: President, Charles S. Morley, Detroit; vice presidents, G. A. Robertson, Battle Creek; Rachel Davidson, Flint; general secretary, Maria Morris, Grand Rapids; corresponding secretary, S. H. McKnight, Detroit; board of control, T. R. Marvin, Muskegon; necrologist, H. M. Warren, Jansville.

Used Kerosene and a Match. Mrs. Bridget Sullivan, 30 years old, living in Detroit, saturated her clothing with kerosene and applied a light and in an instant she was ablaze. Neighboring children called for help, but before the flames could be extinguished she was fatally burned about the face and chest. She is thought to be insane.

St. Joseph County Seat. A hard fight for the county seat is on in St. Joseph county. Sturgis and Three Rivers both want it and have each agreed to build new buildings free of cost to the county, in case the county seat is secured. Centerville, where it is now located, wants to retain it.

Struck by an Engine. J. W. Chamberlain, a 70-year-old farmer living near Saginaw, tried to drive across the D. G. R. & W railroad tracks ahead of an express train. One horse was killed, and Chamberlain was thrown 40 feet and probably fatally injured.

News Items Briefly Told. About 50 members of the famous Loomis battery held a reunion in Coldwater. The worst thunderstorm of the season swept through Gratiot county accompanied by heavy rain, and several farm buildings were struck by lightning. Fire that broke out in the rear of J. E. Lee's meat market in Lowell destroyed the entire block.

To Save the Forests. A joint committee appointed by the board of regents and the state board of agriculture met at the state land office in Lansing to consider the adoption of a forestry policy for Michigan. A committee, consisting of Regent Fair, Hon. C. W. Garfield and Land-Commissioner French, was appointed to prepare a bill to be presented to the next legislature, for the creation of a forestry commission and the protection of the state forests.

Killed by a Circular Saw. Edward Steinbach, a young man engaged as carriage rider in the hardwood mill of the Wisconsin Land & Lumber company at Hermansville, was thrown upon a circular saw and nearly cut in two. He was killed instantly. A break in the rod which controls the steam feed caused the carriage to reverse, resulting in the accident. Deceased was the sole support of a widowed mother and sister.

Million Tons a Year. The Northern Coal & Transportation company is getting ready to put down three coal shafts in Saginaw county. The Marley-Even company is sinking test holes on the farm of James Hill, in Spaulding, and on another farm in Bridgeport township. Coal mining in Saginaw county will be in progress on a scale of over 1,000,000 tons annually before the summer is ended.

She Wanted a Wheel. Martha Beyer, a 20-year-old daughter of a workingman in Ludington, was convicted in the justice court of having stolen the bicycle of the telegraph operator's wife. She had repainted the wheel and tried to disguise it, and took it to a bicycle shop in the same building where the telegraph office is, and it was there recognized. She was sent to jail for 30 days.

Over 1,000 pounds of sugar beet seed was sent out by the state land office to farmers who will engage in sugar beet culture.

THE SPANISH SQUADRON.

Gen Blanco Informs His Government That Cervera's Fleet is at Santiago.

Madrid, May 23.—Blanco cables that Cervera's squadron is still at Santiago and that the bulk of Sampson's squadron is blockading that port. Schley's squadron is watching the Yucatan passage. Blanco says that the American vessels have left Cienfuegos and that the American fleet of blockaders remains in sight of Havana. He also says in his dispatch that he opposed the departure of the French steamer Lafayette with a cargo of coal, as the coal was required for Spanish ships.

Blanco also cables that the destroyer Terror has arrived at Fajardo, Puerto Rico. She intended to go to San Juan, but found four American warships cruising in front of the harbor.

A dispatch from Havana says Capt. Gen. Blanco has received news that nearly 30 American vessels were on Thursday seen in front of Cardenas. Admiral Aunon, minister of marine, contradicted the rumor that the Cape Verde squadron had left Santiago. The Imparcial reiterates Friday that Admiral Cervera is at Santiago de Cuba, which port, it says, possesses advantages over Cienfuegos.

London, May 23.—The Madrid correspondent of the Times, commenting on the "feeling of sadness prevailing in Spain," says:

"It is less on account of ministerial dissensions, which are not really serious, than on account of a fuller apprehension of the difficulties of the situation, namely, that it is hopeless to expect any assistance from Europe, even France and Russia being, since Mr. Chamberlain's speech, averse from doing anything to precipitate complications. Spain now sees that she must trust to herself alone in an unequal struggle that can have only one end."

London, May 23.—The weekly newspapers agree that the policy of Spain is to prolong the war. The Spectator says: "It is clear that Spain intends to delay the war as long as possible, hoping that either Americans will grow tired of spending or that Europe, disturbed by the interruption of commerce and the rise in the price of wheat, will intervene and insist upon peace."

The Spectator, continuing, says it is of the opinion that the government at Washington had decided to make a land attack on Havana while Admiral Cervera is bottled up at Santiago de Cuba, and finds it difficult to believe that the half-drilled, half-fed Spanish conscripts will prove fighting superiors to the hardy American volunteers. "Nevertheless, in view of the situation in the Philippines," the Spectator argues, "the work before President McKinley is very serious, though it may not be dangerous, and the Americans who expected a short war will be grievously disappointed."

Madrid, May 23.—In the senate Marshal Primo de Rivera, former captain general of the Philippines, defended his administration of the colony. He said he could not believe his ears when he was told of the disaster at Cavite, adding: "That rag called the American flag shall never float over the walls of Manila."

Hong-Kong, May 23.—The United States auxiliary gunboat Zafre, formerly a British merchant steamer, but now commissioned, mounting four guns and in charge of a lieutenant commander of the United States navy, has arrived here from Manila, having on board the captain of the first-class cruiser Olympia, the flagship of Rear Admiral Dewey, and two officers, who have been invalued. The situation at Manila is unchanged. The insurgents are quiet. Beef costs \$2.50 per pound at Manila. The report that the commander of the Spanish boat Callao was tried by court-martial and shot for not firing on the American ships which captured the Callao is untrue. The Zafre will return to Manila on Monday next.

London, May 23.—Spain has abandoned hope of aid from Europe. Russia and France have been deaf to her appeals since Chamberlain's speech, and she now sees herself involved in a war the only outcome of which can be disaster to her nation. Her policy is expected to be to prolong hostilities as much as possible and then make the best terms of peace that she can by direct negotiations with the United States.

Wants to Blow Up the Fleet. New York, May 23.—John P. Holland, the inventor of the submarine boat named after himself, left Friday to lay before the administration a proposal to sink the Spanish fleet at Santiago with the submarine destroyer. Holland wants the government to transport the boat from the Erie basin to the mouth of the channel leading to the bay of Santiago. He will command the boat in person, and proposes first to blow up the mines and then to make the trip into the harbor under water. He feels sure he can get into the harbor and under the fleet before anyone can discover him. The torpedo tube will do the rest toward demolishing the fleet. If the scheme is successful Mr. Holland expects the government to buy the boat.

Warships Seen. Panama, May 23.—Passengers arriving here reported that they had seen while at sea a fleet of warships, supposed to belong to Spain, headed for Port Limon, Costa Rica. A correspondent at Port Limon cables that eight vessels, believed to be warships, have passed that place, going in a northerly direction.

It is said that Gen. Fitzhugh Lee is to be offered the presidency of the Texas State Agricultural and Mechanical college, at Bryan. There are for and against applicants for the position, and their eager rivalry has prevented the choice of any one of them. All will withdraw in favor of Lee.

A NUMBER of well known Philadelphia women have received letters from acquaintances who figure actively in the social life in Washington, urging them to co-operate in a movement to boycott Paris millinery and other products of French fashion in retaliation for the sympathy shown for Spain.

The average person trims off the 32d part of an inch from each finger nail a week, or about an inch and a half every year. The average of human life all over the world is 40 years. There are 1,800,000,000 people in the world, who, therefore, waste on an average 28,400 miles of finger nails in a generation.

RUSSIA is experimenting with giant search-lights mounted in balloons and containing electric burners connected with dynamos upon the ground. The largest of these yet reported is of 5,000 candle-power. At a distance of only 600 yards above the earth it will illuminate a circular area between 500 yards in diameter to the brightness of day.

HARVARD university, which has more students than any other American university and has finally passed Oxford, is but ninth in the international list. Paris heads the list with 11,000 students. Berlin is second with 9,639. The other big universities are: Vienna, 7,036; Madrid, 6,143; Naples, 5,103; Moscow, 4,461; Harvard, 3,674; Oxford, 3,365; and Cambridge, 2,929 students.

The streets of Manila are so modern as to be quite out of keeping with the general appearance of the town. They are perfectly straight, macadamized and provided with ample granite walks. Of these the Escolta and the Rosario are the best. In both there are excellent shops, kept principally by Chinese merchants, most of whom come from Amoy. Tin-roofed houses line each side of both thoroughfares.

The throne room of Spain is described as a magnificent apartment of crimson and gold, with colossal mirrors and a chandelier of rock crystal that is considered the finest example of the kind in the world. Under the gorgeous canopy are two large chairs, handsomely carved and gilded and upholstered in crimson brocade. Upon these the queen regent and the boy king sit upon occasions of ceremony.

Horses are ill suited to perform the work of drawing heavy loads in time of war, and naturally this work devolves upon mules; but when the services of both these animals are soberly considered it may be gravely doubted if the noble chargers who participate in the glory of the fight are any more deserving than the ill shaped, and ignoble burden bearers who experience the vicissitudes of war without its honors.

The French seem badly stirred up at the result of the concerted attack of French newspapers upon the American people and their concerted defense of the Spanish. The threat of a boycott of French wares has touched the Frenchman in his most sensitive part, his pocketbook, and he is now energetically working to undo the mischief the press, which only voices public sentiment, has already done.

An improved diving bell of great capacity moving along the sea bottom by means of screws moved by electricity, is on exhibition in Paris. It can be worked at very great depths, and holds air enough to supply the crew for 48 hours without renewal. It is lighted by electricity, which also furnishes motive power for any tools that may be used. On tipping over the cases of ballast the bell rises to the surface itself.

GEN. D. McM. GREGG, of Reading, Pa., who has offered his services to the government, led the cavalry of the 6th corps that turned the tide of battle at Gettysburg on the third day of the fight, repulsing a much superior force under Gen. Stuart. Throughout the battle the tall form of Gen. Gregg was one of the most conspicuous figures on the field. He is now 65 years old and is a man of commanding presence and splendid vigor.

In his youth Mr. Gladstone used to think nothing of walking 30 miles a day. In his old age he could fell the stoutest trees in Hawarden park. An accident from the explosion of a gun barrel over 40 years ago, by which he lost the index finger of his left hand, discouraged him from frequenting the hunting field. To constant habits of exercise and to a remarkably wiry constitution are to be attributed the statesman's long life and exceptionally good health.

Get... is a Mat... the power to... cause of dis... Sarsaparilla... you may... Remember... Parilla... six for... 25 cents... Good One... where you can... ceives for ten... your stock... roundly? If... nger Agent... B. Crawford... 6 Rookery... look at some... ntry? The... provides the... the first and... with exere... fare, for... C. P. Al... Louisville... them before... in silver or... of "Garden... of 1898... on which oc... away out of... Fair at Ch... country... friends... the con... June to Oc... ver the Chi... An illus... Exposition... cent stamp... Heartford... ago, Ill... Chicago... precedent... seats four... before I mar... queried... convinced that... klyn Life... all wounds... ORK... chiette of... in this... ham... flow which... times, and... me by my... en greatly... table Com... own work... medicine... as I could... barely be... en out... week more... at I would... ne... with any... have them... Vegetable... zled about... the symp... who unde... inkham... our ills... URED... sure cure... one Vic... cers. Wait... es experie... re for Bot... nial. See... MEDIC... druggists... ED FREE... TLY CURE... Presently by... 'S GRE... RESTORE... s. Pitt, Epil... is on serv... trial bottle... only was... (James... WASH... For the LI... and TIM... STON... rk Ridpat... pages, with... the War... will be eas... agents. See... Full let... Address: 108... (NATL. OIL... GINGS... NG... USING... TATIONS

We Will Send FOR YOUR Gasoline can

Or for your

Kerosine can,

Fill them with the best product the world produces, and deliver them to your door if

You Will Send

Us your order to do it.

We Are Selling:

Gasoline at 10c per gallon.
Kerosine at 9c and 10c per gallon
Granulated Sugar 18 pounds for \$1.00
Chelsea Flour at 85c a sack.
Best full cream cheese at 12c per pound.
Good cheese 10c per pound
Fancy New Orleans Molasses 25c a gal.

Fancy Mocha and Java coffee 25c per lb.
Rio Coffee 10c per pound.
We are headquarters for Strawberries,
Bananas, Oranges, Cal. Cherries, Pine
Apples, and all kinds of fruit and
vegetables.

FREEMAN'S.

Fair Minded Comparison!

This is what we solicit for our bread.

We believe our bread is the whitest, lightest, best flavored and best keeping bread in the market. You know our prices, 5c per loaf, to all alike. We could use cheaper flour and make a smaller loaf, and sell cheaper, but we believe in keeping up the quality. Give us a fair trial in comparison with other bread and we are confident of your decision. Remember us when you want anything in the line of fruits or confectionery. Ice cream a specialty. Don't miss the sign of the Central City Bakery, Chelsea, Mich.

STEGMILLER & VOGELBACHER.

For SAFETY and to DRAW INTEREST,

Deposit your Money in the

Chelsea Savings Bank.

Spar Bank.

Its Money is protected from fire and burglars by the best screw door, electric alarm, burglar proof vault-safe made.

W. J. Knapp, Pres. Thos. S. Sears, Vice-Pres. Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier.

CALL

At the new Repair Shop and get prices on new handmade Road Carts, Road Wagons, Lumber Wagons and Buggies.

SYRACUSE Plows,
Drags and
Cultivators at

FAIST & HIRTH'S.

H. L. WOOD & CO.

Call on us for McCormick Binding Twine, the best in the market. We also sell repairs for McCormick Harvesting Machines.

WOOL TWINE

At Reduced Prices.

Groceries and Provisions, foreign and domestic fruits, seeds, baled hay and straw at bottom prices.

H. L. WOOD & CO.

What You Should Eat

Is the question that is agitating the minds of our great physicians.

We Can Tell You!

Eat some of those nice fresh Steaks from our market. We will deliver them for you. We can give you meats for boiling, frying, roasts, etc., that will make your mouth water.

We are always supplied with Hams and Bacon for which our market is famous. They are cured by our own process and have no superior.

TERMS—CASH.

ADAM EPPLER.

Echoes of the Week.

Pithy Pickings Pointedly Put for Quick Reading.

Through the Condenser This Grist Has Gone, and Is Served Up for Herald Readers in Succulent Style.

The M. C. R. R. changed time last Sunday.

Dr. and Mrs S. G. Bush were Detroit visitors last Monday.

Miss Alice Gorman will arrive from New York next Saturday.

F. G. Bush, of Chicago, is the guest of his brother, Dr. S. G. Bush.

Victor Hindelang, of Albon, was the guest of his father this week.

The Republican County convention will be held at Ann Arbor June 16, 1898

Sheriff Judson and wife, of Ann Arbor, spent Monday with Chelsea friends.

Remember the corner barber-shop for a first class shampoo, hair-cut or shave.

The Misses Tillie and Paula Girbach, Mary Alber and Anna Mast spent Sunday at Isabd Lake.

The band serenaded the new bakery last Monday evening and the proprietors passed around the cigars.

F. P. Glazier has purchased the property on the west side of his residence, formerly owned by E. S. Prudden.

Mrs. Hugh Sherry has gone to Lancaster, New York, for a prolonged, and perhaps, permanent stay with relatives.

Decoration Day was observed in an appropriate manner last Monday. The weather was all that could be desired, and the attendance was large.

Next Sunday will be the Feast of the most Blessed Trinity. The annual collection for the Pope will be taken up next Sunday in all the Catholic churches of the dioceses of Detroit.

Mr. Florence Sullivan of Peru, Indiana. Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Sullivan, of Columbus, Ohio, and Mrs. Jeremiah Sullivan, of South Bend, Indiana, were called here last week by the death of their brother, Mr. Timothy E. Sullivan.

The sad news that Mrs. Edward J. Miller of Chicago, wife of Edward Miller formerly of Chelsea, had died, reached us last Friday. Mrs. Miller was a woman of lovely christian character, and had hosts of friends, who will be pained to here of her untimely death. She leaves a husband and daughter, with many relatives, who will mourn her departure. Mr. and Mrs. George Miller attended the funeral. The sincere sympathy of friends here is extended to the surviving relatives. May her soul rest in peace.

Died, Saturday, May 28th, 1898, at her late residence, 145 19th street, Detroit, Michigan. Mrs. Clara P., beloved wife of L. M. Skinner, aged 59 years. Mrs. Skinner was a noble christian woman, a faithful devoted wife and mother, and was much respected by all who knew her. Mrs. Skinner leaves a husband and four daughters to mourn her loss, Mrs. E. J. Reilly of Escanaba, Mich.; Mrs. Robert C. Creer, of Philadelphia; Mrs. Edward Davis and Miss Mary Skinner, of Detroit. Her remains were lovingly laid to rest in the beautiful Cemetery at Marshall, the former home of Mr. Skinner.

The funeral of the late Timothy E. Sullivan of Hillsdale, who died suddenly on May 25th, was held from St. Mary's church, Chelsea, last Saturday, May 28, at 10 a. m. There was a large attendance of sorrowing relatives and friends at the solemn services. Rev. Father Considine officiated and delivered a very admirable sermon. The remains were interred in Mt. Olivet cemetery, Chelsea. Mr. Sullivan was well and favorably known here, his former home. He was a kind husband, an affectionate father, and a valued friend, and was universally esteemed. His widow and only child, with surviving brothers and sisters, have the deep sympathy of hosts of friends in their sad bereavement. May his soul rest in peace.

Next Monday Evening, June 6, at 7:30 o'clock, a grand organ recital will be given in St. Mary's church, Chelsea, by Prof. Freytag, the renowned organist from Detroit, and his splendid choir. This is a musical treat not often given—towards the size of Chelsea, and, no doubt, our citizens will show their appreciation by a large attendance. The singing will be in English with the exception of one or two pieces in the Benediction service. A rich and splendid program has been prepared, and artists of acknowledged ability will heard. Both vocal and instrumental pieces will be given. Reserved seats without extra charge may be obtained at Mr. John Farrell's store. The train going east 9:26 will stop at Chelsea. As the singers return to Detroit the same evening the concert will begin sharply at 7:30 p. m. Tickets are 25c for adults, and 15c for children 12 years of age or under.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

The Chelsea Savings Bank, At Chelsea, Mich.,

At the close of business, May 5th, 1898

| RESOURCES. | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|
| Loans and discounts | \$105 089 60 |
| Stocks, bonds, mortgages, etc. | 159 806 52 |
| Banking house | 4 200 00 |
| Furniture and fixtures | 8 950 23 |
| Other real estate | 15 811 27 |
| Due from banks in reserve cities | 86 943 09 |
| Exchanges for clearing house | 170 60 |
| Checks and cash items | 1 579 46 |
| Nickels and cents | 192 72 |
| Gold coin | 2 835 00 |
| Silver coin | 1 432 25 |
| U. S. and National bank notes | 4 175 00 |
| Total | \$835 691 74 |

| LIABILITIES | |
|--|---------------------|
| Capital stock paid in | \$ 60 000 00 |
| Surplus fund | 6 061 00 |
| Undivided profits less current expenses, interest and taxes paid | 1 406 69 |
| Commercial deposits subject to check | 63 553 43 |
| Commercial certificates of deposit | 92 141 70 |
| Savings deposits | 22 348 94 |
| Savings certificates of deposits | 90 179 98 |
| Total | \$835 691 74 |

State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw, ss.

I, Geo. P. Glazier, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Geo. P. GLAZIER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of May, 1898.

THEO. E. WOOD, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: { W. J. KNAPP,
Geo. W. PALMER,
W. P. SCHENK,
Directors.

| | |
|-------------------------|--------------|
| Total Loans | \$264 896 12 |
| Total Deposits | 268 224 05 |
| Total Cash and Exchange | 46 828 12 |

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

—OF THE—

Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank At Chelsea, Mich.,

At the close of business, May 5th, 1898.

| RESOURCES. | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Loans and discounts | \$ 52 960 19 |
| Stocks, bonds and mortgages | 40 511 88 |
| Banking house | 8 000 00 |
| Furniture and fixtures | 2 000 00 |
| Current expenses and interest paid | 866 66 |
| Due from banks in reserve cities | 42 222 59 |
| Due from other banks and bankers | 22 865 61 |
| Checks and cash items | 163 59 |
| Nickels and cents | 242 34 |
| Gold coin | 3 105 00 |
| Silver coin | 1 473 05 |
| U. S. and National bank notes | 4 877 00 |
| Total | \$179 287 91 |

| LIABILITIES | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Capital stock paid in | \$ 40 000 00 |
| Commercial deposits subject to check | 35 599 48 |
| Commercial certificates of deposit | 39 987 07 |
| Savings deposits | 33 205 71 |
| Savings certificates of deposit | 29 576 39 |
| Interest, discount and exchange | 816 26 |
| Total | \$179 287 91 |

State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw, ss.

I, J. A. Palmer, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JOHN A. PALMER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of May, 1898.

Geo. A. BEGOLE, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: { C. H. KEMPF,
R. S. ARMSTRONG,
H. S. HOLMES,
Directors.

Markets.

| Chelsea, June 2, 1898. | |
|------------------------|--------|
| Eggs, per dozen | 8c |
| Butter, per pound | 8c |
| Oats, per bushel | 32c |
| Corn, per bushel | 25c |
| Wheat, per bushel | 90c |
| Potatoes, per bushel | 60c |
| Apples, per bushel | \$1 25 |
| Onions, per bushel | 75c |
| Beans, per bushel | 95c |

Two watch chains on a dudes vest are about as much evidence of a watch as parting his hair in the middle is of brains.



Throw Away the Boot-Jack

and shoe horn and get a pair of Lewis' "Wear-Resisters." Easy to put on, easy to take off. Always fit well, but never fit tight. No pinching anywhere—feet or pocket-book. The easiest, most durable ready-to-wear shoes made are the

J. B. LEWIS CO'S "Wear-Resisters"

Latest models, all sizes, for men, women, children. "Lewis" stamped on every shoe.
J. B. LEWIS CO., Boston, Mass.

Are for sale by
H. S. HOLMES MERC. CO.

S. G. Bush,

Physician and Surgeon
Office hours: 10 to 12 a. m., 1 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.
Office in Hatch block. Residence opposite Methodist church.

G. W. Palmer

PHYSICIAN
AND
SURGEON.

Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

G. E. HATHAWAY,

(GRADUATE IN DENTISTRY)

A new preparation for extracting that does not contain Cocaine or cause any of the bad results liable to follow the use of this drug.

Gas administered when desired.
Office over Bank Drug Store.

H. W. SCHMIDT

Physician & Surgeon.

SPECIALTIES:—Diseases of the Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear.
OFFICE HOURS:—10 to 12 a. m. 2 to 5. 17

DENTISTRY

in all its branches done in a very careful manner and as reasonable as first class work can be done. Crown and bridge work adjusted so as to be very useful. Where this cannot be used we make first different kinds of plates—gold, silver, aluminum, Watts metal and rubber. Special care given to children's teeth. Both general and local anesthetic used in extracting. Am here to stay. H. H. AVERY, D. D. S. Office over Kempf Bros' Bank.

F. & A. M.

Regular meetings of Olive Lodge No. 156, F. & A. M., for 1898:

Jan. 4; Feb. 1; Mar. 8; April 5; May 3; May 31; June 28; July 26; Aug 30; Sept. 27; Oct. 25; Nov. 22; annual meeting and election of officers Dec. 27.

J. D. SCHNAITMAN, Sec.

FIRE! FIRE!!

If you want insurance call on Gilbert & Crowell. We represent companies whose gross assets amount to the sum of \$45,000,000.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect May 29th, 1898.

90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passenger Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING EAST.

No 8—Detroit Night Express.. 6:30 A.
No 36—Atlantic Express..... 5:38 A.
No 12—Grand Rapids Express.. 10:40 A.
No 6—Mail and Express..... 3:15 P.

GOING WEST.

No 3—Mail and Express..... 10:00 A.
No 13—Grand Rapids Express.. 6:20 P.
No 7—Chicago Night Express.. 10:23 P.

No. 37 will stop at Chelsea for passengers getting on at Detroit or east of Detroit.
E. A. WILLIAMS, Agent, Chelsea.
O. W. BEGGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

We always do as we advertise; oftentimes more

Special Prices

This Week

All through our

Shoe Department.

(Composite excepted, these are always \$3.)

Men's and Ladies' tan shoes
at very low prices.

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

Butterick Patterns for June now on Sale.

"Remember the Maine,"

But do not forget to use
the Main(e) Bread.

Merchant's Home-made,

When in need of bee supplies, ice cream,
honey, tobacco, confectionery, etc., call on

J. M. MERCHANT



GEO. E. DAVIS,

Everybody's
Auctioneer.

Headquarters
at
HERALD OFFICE.
Auction Bills furnish-
ed Free.

HOME RULE.

Following is a copy of Certificate of Registry.

No 428.

VOL. I.

CLEVELAND BAY SOCIETY OF AMERICA.
CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRY.

The Stallion named "Home Rule," owned by Bailey & Hecox, of Howell, Mich., bred by Mr. Dodsworth, Kellfield, Yorkshire, Eng., imported by Stericker Bros., Springfield, Ill.; foaled, spring 1885; color, bay; sire, Young Domino; dam by Promised Land, No. 957, has been accepted for registry, in Vol. I of the Cleveland Bay Society of American Stud Book, under the Rules of the Society, and will be numbered as above.

R. P. STERICKER,
Secretary.

"HOME RULE"

Is now owned by Tommy McNamara, of Chelsea, and will make the season of 1898 at his barns in this Village. Terms, \$10.00 to insure foal. Home Rule cost \$1,900 when five years old, and took gold medal in Chicago over 53 stallions.

TOMMY McNAMARA.

Those Vile,
Nasty,
Fake
Nostrums

which are advertised so generally are ruled out of THE DETROIT JOURNAL.

You are in
Good
Company
if
Your Advertisement
is in
The Detroit Journal.

Is this the sort of literature you are paying for? You can have a decent, clean, daily newspaper.

Try The Detroit Journal.

It is not quite so sensational, but you can bring The Journal into your home and you can believe The Journal.

AN AGENT IN EVERY TOWN.
Delivered for 10 cents per week.
By Mail, 3 Months for \$1.25.

Here and There.

Dean C. Worcester, assistant Prof. of the Zoological Department of the University of Michigan who has spent 3 years at Philippine Islands, and who is an authority on every thing pertaining to them, will deliver his interesting lecture on the subject next Saturday evening, June 4th, at Town Hall. The lecture will be illustrated with fine Stereoptican Views of the Islands and its inhabitants. Admission, 20c; Children under 12, 15c; reserved seats 25 cents.

The annual meeting of the Pioneer and Historical Society of Washtenaw county will be held in the Presbyterian church in Ypsilanti on June 8th, 1898, at 10 o'clock a. m. A large attendance is expected, and the hospitable people of Ypsilanti and adjoining towns are making arrangements for the meeting, and will welcome all the old settlers of this county and furnish them with a bountiful dinner, as well as a literary and musical treat consisting of essays and speeches on the first settlements of the county, and patriotic pioneer songs. Come early, so as to be present at the Pioneer social between 9 and 10 o'clock. County papers please publish this notice.

From the Hillsdale Leader of May 28, 1898: "Timothy E. Sullivan was drowned in Baw Beese lake Tuesday evening on the north shore opposite from Bud Sellers' place on Cedar Island. Deceased came to Hillsdale seven years ago from Columbus, Ohio, where he had been engaged in the grocery business. In this city he lived on Budlong street, and leaves surviving a wife and a little boy, George Daniel, two and a half years old. He was not in business after he came to Hillsdale, but was reputed to have ample means, and not being in robust health he lived a quiet, easy life. He had travelled extensively in the west and in Europe. He was courteous and gentlemanly, of a quiet, unobtrusive disposition and gained and held the respect of those who made his acquaintance. For some time he had suffered from weak heart action. He was fond of fishing, but on Tuesday afternoon he went to the lake for the first time this season. Not being very well, Mrs. Sullivan urged him not to go, but he said it might make him feel better, and that he would be home by seven o'clock. At eight o'clock his wife became alarmed and search was instituted; he was found under the boat on the bottom of the lake in about seven feet of water. His brother, Florance Sullivan says heart trouble is hereditary in the family and he thinks deceased was thus attacked and fell into the lake. Deceased was born in Chelsea, Mich. 49 years ago, and this morning the remains were taken back to Chelsea, his boyhood home, for burial tomorrow forenoon, accompanied by the widow and little son, Miss Mary Shannon, a sister of Mrs. Sullivan, Mrs. D. E. Sullivan, a sister-in-law, of Columbus, Ohio, and Florance Sullivan, a brother, of Chelsea, Michigan. The widow is positive that death was accidental; says deceased was an affectionate, devoted husband and father and would never willingly thus leave them alone. Next week the widow and little boy will return to Chelsea to make their home."

Notice.

Village of Chelsea, ss. Review of assessment Roll for 1898.

Notice is hereby given that I have completed the assessment roll of said Village for 1898, and that the said assessment roll will be reviewed by the Board of Review of said Village, at the Council Rooms in said Village, on Friday and Saturday, June 10 and 11, 1898; said Board of Review going into session on said June 10 and 11, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days, and will continue in session until 5 o'clock of each of said days, and that any person or persons deeming themselves aggrieved by the assessment may then be heard.

Dated, June 1, 1898.

JAMES P. WOOD, Village Assessor.

Excursions.

K. O. T. M. Great Camp and Hvie Reviews; Detroit, June 6 to 11, one first class fare for round trip.

Bay View camp meeting and Bay View assembly, July and August, one first class limited fare for round trip.

Camp meeting, Eaton Rapids, July 27 to Aug. 8, one first class fare for round trip.

Camp meeting, Island Lake, July 1 to Aug. 30, 1898. One and one-third first class fare for round trip.

Camp meeting, Haslett Park, July 28 to Aug. 31 1898. One and one-third first class fare for round trip.

K. O. T. M. excursion to Detroit, Via Michigan Central, Tuesday, June, 7, 1898, train leaves Chelsea at 8:05 a. m. Fare fare for round trip \$1.10.

SPRING

AND

SUMMER

Means a general shak-

ing up of everything.

Whether you are go-

ing to move or not,

look around and see

if you don't need some

PRINTING.

Perhaps you have a

small quantity of sta-

tionery left--that need

not prevent you from

ordering some more.

A Few Words

About your printing.

There is such a thing

as getting good work

at reasonable prices.

The place to get that

kind of work at that

kind of a price is at

The Herald Office.

MOVES WITH CAUTION

Little Possibility of Immediate Invasion of Cuba.

The Government Will Not Attempt Military Occupation of the Island Until Satisfied of Disposal of Cervera's Fleet.

Washington, May 28.—The military situation as at present determined upon by those in authority is to make no forward movement of troops either upon Puerto Rico or Cuba until full and definite information is received as to the location of the Spanish squadron and its possibilities as a factor in the aggressive movements of Spain. That being the positive determination, there is no present purpose to hurry forward the troops now at the several points of concentration, but the interval prior to an aggressive forward movement will be employed in seasoning the men.

Still Looking for Cervera.

Steps have been taken to secure early information as to whether Admiral Cervera's squadron is inside Santiago harbor and whether the American squadron has such advantage of position outside the harbor as to make the escape of the Spaniards practically impossible. For the last few days army circles have shared public belief that the Spanish ships were trapped in Santiago harbor, and that has given impetus to arrangements by which large bodies of troops at Chickamauga and elsewhere might be moved forward rapidly to Tampa for embarkation.

The presence of 30 or more transports in Florida waters added to the conviction that a movement on a large scale was about to occur. All this has been going on with the understanding that Admiral Cervera's career as a possible menace in the rear of our troops had been cut off by his being securely held within Santiago harbor, but in the absence of positive information on this point, together with the certainty that he can be held inside the harbor, there is no purpose whatever on the part of the war department to make an aggressive forward movement on Cuba or Puerto Rico. This was stated Friday in the most positive manner and from an authoritative source. Unless the navy department succeeds in securing some direct and official information respecting the Spanish and the American fleets within the next 24 hours through the aid of the West Indian cables it will resort to the use of dispatch boats.

Has No Official Knowledge.

It can be again affirmed on the highest authority, and notwithstanding all rumors to the contrary, that at the close of the day the department had nothing more than a belief, founded on unofficial advice, that the Spanish squadron was lying in Santiago harbor, and no news as to Commodore Schley's whereabouts. However, the great majority of the officials of the navy department entertain no doubt that Cervera is within Santiago harbor, and they have succeeded in impressing this belief upon the president and the members of the cabinet.

The New Military Force.

An important phase of the military programme is a decision not to take up the details of organizing the new force of 75,000 volunteers for at least a week or ten days. At the cabinet meeting Friday inquiry was made of Secretary Alger as to what steps he proposed taking on the organization of this large additional force of volunteers. His reply was that he had not even considered the details of this question and that his plan was not to take up the matter for a week or ten days. In the meantime no conclusion has been reached as to whether a portion of the 75,000 volunteers will be used to recruit the regiments still remaining unfilled under the first call for 125,000 volunteers. If the regiments under the first call are to be brought up to their maximum strength it will take about 40,000 men from the second call to complete the 125 regiments under the first call. This will leave 35,000 men to be organized in distinctly new regiments. It would have the advantage of filling every regiment in the service, instead of leaving most of them with a depleted organization. On the other hand it would destroy the integrity of this force of 75,000 volunteers as a second reserve. One of the main purposes of issuing the second call was to establish a second reserve, made up of men who could be drilled and equipped at leisure and called upon some months hence if circumstances required.

Ask Governors for Information.

The war department is anxious to obtain the views of the governors of the states and territories in regard to the filling to their maximum strength the regiments already furnished by them under the first call of the president for 125,000 men, and with this object in view, Adj. Gen. Corbin, at the direction of Secretary Alger, has sent telegrams asking the several governors to make recommendations to the department on this subject.

Schley's Instructions.

The instructions sent to Commodore Schley from Washington are only general in nature. His mission is to capture or destroy the armada. Whether he forces it to fight by the starvation process or whether he bombards the harbor fortifications in order to get at the Spanish ships rests with himself.

A SECOND MANILA.

Spaniards Fear It Awaits Cervera and His Ships at Santiago—Sagasta's Policy Outlined.

Madrid, May 27.—A repetition of the Manila disaster at Santiago de Cuba is feared by every Spaniard, as all admit in confidence if Admiral Cervera is left to fight against forces three times greater in numbers than his own.

The uneasiness about the fate of that squadron hemmed in at Santiago has risen to the highest pitch. Notwithstanding that the official reports declare that Admiral Cervera's position there is secure, as he can defy all efforts of the American navy to enter the bay or to force its way past the batteries commanding the narrow channel at the entrance, public opinion is decidedly against his staying at Santiago. Some newspapers clamor for his getting out as quickly as possible and making for Havana or those American coast towns which are least fortified.

Madrid, May 27.—Sagasta has outlined Spain's policy as follows: "There will be no fight at Santiago unless Cervera desires it. The Americans will find the Santiago forts and the ships in the harbor very different from those destroyed by Dewey at Manila. If the Americans are waiting for a naval battle before they attempt to invade Cuba, they will need considerable patience."

Madrid, May 27.—The newspapers here continue to urge the cutting of the American cable connections across the Atlantic if the Cuban cables are severed.

London, May 27.—There are renewed sinister predictions of an impending revolution in Spain, contained in a

A LAST LOOK.

Thousands View the Remains of Mr. Gladstone as They Lie in State at Westminster.

London, May 27.—Remarkably impressive scenes were witnessed at Westminster from two o'clock in the morning, when the arrivals commenced of those anxious to view the remains of Mr. Gladstone. The line formed was continually augmented by all classes of people, from peers, cabinet ministers, members of the house of commons, military and naval officers, and clergymen to costermongers, old and young, until at six o'clock, when the doors were opened, the procession commenced to stream past the catafalque. The latter had lighted candles at each corner and a large gilt cross at its head.

By ten o'clock it was computed that 100 persons to the minute were passing the body, and at noon over 40,000 people had already taken a last glance at the remains of the great statesman.

Sir William Vernon Harcourt, the liberal leader in the house of commons, who arrived at noon, was greatly moved.

As the afternoon advanced, the unending stream lengthened. About 2,000 policemen were engaged in guiding the people, and by three o'clock 75,000 people had passed the coffin.

CHILDREN BURNED TO DEATH

Dwelling House at Iron Mountain, Mich., Destroyed—Two Dead, Two Fatally Burned.

Iron Mountain, Mich., May 27.—The residence of A. Richter, on West B street, was destroyed by fire at night.

THE HAWAIIAN QUESTION.

Senator Lodge Presents a Proposition for the Annexation of the Islands.

Washington, May 28.—The Hawaiian annexation question, which has been the subject of no little concern about the senate for the past few days, assumed definite shape in the senate Friday when Senators Lodge and Morgan offered amendments to the war revenue bill bearing directly upon the subject. Senator Lodge's amendment is in the words of the Newlands resolution and provides in direct terms for the annexation of the islands. Senator Lodge was seen immediately after he had sent his amendment to the desk and announced it to be his purpose to press the amendment to the end.

"Henceforth," said he, "the two measures must travel together. Both are equally important and under the circumstances it would be foolhardy for us to forego our advantage in Hawaii."

Investigation develops that Senator Lodge's action in presenting the amendment was the result of more or less conference, though of an informal character, among the staunchest advocates of annexation. They express the opinion that the amendment in the end will be accepted, but admit that in all probability it will result in delaying the passage of the revenue bill.

The advocates of annexation assert that when the vote is reached it will result in the incorporation of Hawaiian annexation in the revenue bill, which would of course have the effect of forcing the matter upon the attention of the house. They claim they will get the votes of all but four of the republican senators and also those of many democrats, populists and silver republicans. The assertion is made by senators in favor of annexation that the administration is more anxious than at

BUSINESS REVIVES.

Very Encouraging Reports Are Coming in from All Sections of the Country.

New York, May 28.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly report of trade says: "The nation faces war with reviving volume of business. The west is doing its part and more, but at the east also the volume of business is now expanding. Without abatement in any important line, the great outgo of wheat and corn continues to stimulate business at the west, and railroad earnings show an increase over last year of 15.1 per cent in trunk lines, 8.8 per cent in granger roads, and in the other western roads 14.6 per cent. While eastbound shipments from Chicago in three weeks have been 388,805 tons, against 150,812 last year and 164,923 tons in 1902. This is largely because of the enormous movement of breadstuffs. Atlantic exports of wheat, flour included, have been 2,726,412 bushels for the week, against 1,536,077 last year. Wheat receipts at the west do not diminish, but run far beyond those of a year ago—for the west, 4,625,253 bushels, against 2,969,173 last year. In four weeks exports from both coasts have been 13,691,874 bushels, against 8,704,334 last year. The market is still the enormous foreign buying of corn, exports having reached 5,550,565 bushels for the week, against 1,584,511 bushels last year, and in four weeks the exports have been 20,285,097 bushels, against 5,260,081 bushels last year. Yet corn closes 2 1/2 cents lower for the week, although wheat, after rising from \$1.56 to \$1.66 for May, fell to \$1.46 on Friday, while July options fell 1 1/2 cents.

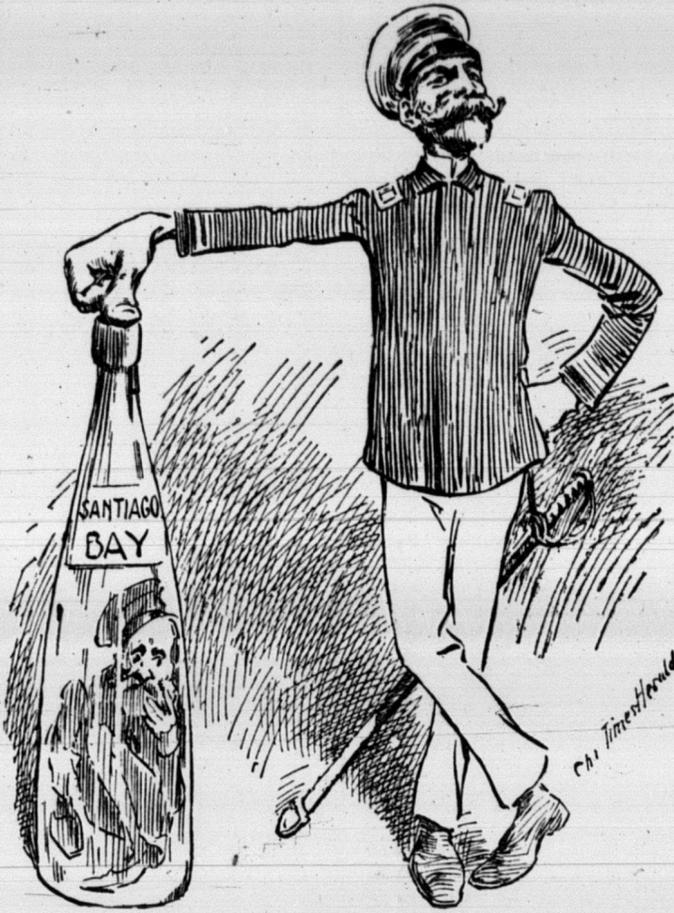
Official and all other accounts agree in estimating that the wheat yield will be remarkably large this year in spite of the fact that the California crop has been much damaged by want of rain.

"Starting this month with the greatest consumption ever known, the iron industry has made surprising progress in new orders, which reached about 100,000 tons in bars alone.

"Failures for the week have been 245 in the United States, against 214 last year, and 21 in Canada, against 22 last year."

Bradstreet's says: "A total volume of business fully proportioned to or in excess of that usually noted at this season of the year is indicated by reports to Bradstreet's this week. The exceptions are generally where weather conditions have made for irregularity and perhaps dullness. In most sections of the country the situation generally remains satisfactory. The vol-

"BOTTLED UP!"



special dispatch from Madrid Thursday. Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria is said to have strongly advised the queen regent to prepare to fly, and her mother, who is now at Madrid, is reported to have given her the same advice; but it is added, the queen regent is determined to remain.

Continuing, the dispatch says: "The defeat of the Spanish fleet, which the best informed people regard as only a question of a few days, is bound to precipitate an outbreak."

Madrid, May 27.—According to El Epoca, the conservative organ, the cabinet council Thursday, the queen regent presiding, discussed three points in the proposed note to the powers—the manner of the bombardments by the American squadron, the alleged use of the Spanish flag by the Americans at Guantanamo and the cutting of international cables by the Americans.

An Appeal to Spain.

Philadelphia, May 27.—It develops that the Universal Peace union, through its president, Alfred H. Love, of this city, prepared and mailed to the queen regent of Spain and Premier Sagasta an appeal, asking that government to acknowledge the independence of Cuba in the interests of peace. The appeal was first sent on April 21, four days before this country declared that a state of war existed between Spain and the United States.

Recommends Their Purchase.

New York, May 27.—The new naval auxiliary cruiser board has sent to Washington a list of 40 yachts which it recommends for purchase. Among the vessels named are George Gould's Atalanta and John Jacob Astor's Nourmahal. Each is recommended for purchase at \$100,000.

Two children, a boy aged nine years and a girl aged eleven years, were burned to a crisp, and two others, aged four and six, a girl and a boy, were so badly burned that they cannot live. It is not known how the fire originated, but the firemen suspect that it was caused by the explosion of a lamp in an incubator. Richter and his wife and nine small children occupied sleeping apartments on the second floor. The children were first aroused before an alarm had been given. Seven managed to escape, five of them uninjured, but two were fatally burned. Richter and wife escaped by jumping through a window, the former having his arm so badly cut by glass that he came near bleeding to death.

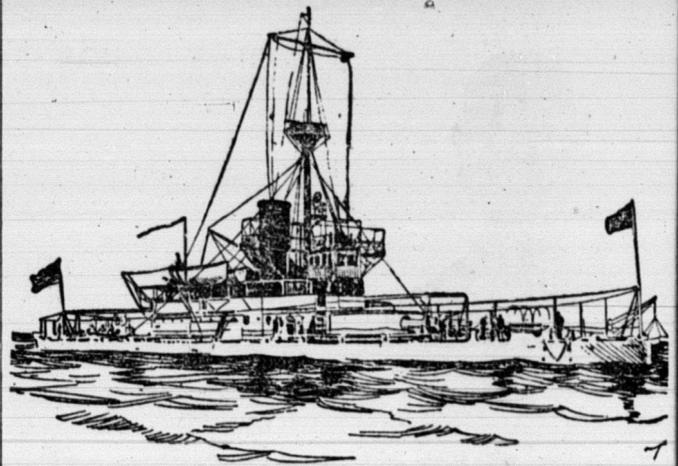
OMAHA EXPOSITION.

The Directors Decide to Open the Gates Sunday Afternoons and Nights.

Omaha, Neb., May 27.—By a vote of 24 to 12 the directors of the Trans-Mississippi exposition have decided to keep open the gates of the exposition on Sunday from one p. m. to ten p. m. In deference to the wishes of some of the religious people in Omaha and elsewhere it was decided, after a long debate, to close during the forenoon. It was suggested that the midway should be closed, but this was considered impracticable and the matter was finally settled by the adoption of the following resolution:

"Resolved, That the exposition grounds and buildings be kept open on Sundays from one p. m. to ten p. m., and conducted in the same manner as on week days, except that the sale of liquors be not permitted; that concerts be given, and that religious services be held in the auditorium on Sunday afternoons."

UNITED STATES MONITOR MONTEREY.



This powerful vessel has just been ordered to join Admiral Dewey's fleet at Manila. Her crew complement is 19 officers and 172 men, under the command of Lieut. Commander J. W. Carlin. Next to the Puritan the Monterey is the largest monitor in the American navy. As the vessel can carry but 200 tons of coal she will have to be towed by a collier from San Francisco to the Philippines.

any previous time for legislation providing for annexation. The condition of affairs in the Philippines and the necessity for a stopping place for our ships on their way to those islands, they say, is the reason for the present urgency. It is asserted that to hold the Philippines without possession of Hawaii would be next to impossible.

The members of the senate committee on finance are generally averse to the Lodge amendment as inimical to the speedy passage of the revenue bill. They say that the bill would be indefinitely delayed with the Hawaiian amendment included and that under existing conditions this cannot be thought of. "If," said a prominent republican member of the committee on finance, "we should undertake to put all the legislation pertinent to the war on this bill, with all the controverted points included, we should not get away from here before next December." It is the general understanding among those especially interested in the revenue bill that the amendment, if pressed, will be met with a motion to table, and they express the opinion that the administration will not support the Lodge amendment with its influence and that their motion to table will prevail.

DROWNED IN A MINE.

Miners Suddenly Strike Water and Six Men Are Caught in the Deluge.

Pottsville, Pa., May 28.—A frightful mining casualty occurred Friday at the Kasha William colliery, near Middleport, and six men were drowned by a body of water breaking in upon them from an old "working." The victims were all Slavs. The accident occurred at the bottom of the shaft. A tunnel was being driven through an abandoned vein. The Slavs were working in the tunnel. A large body of water had backed up in the old "working" which the tunnel was designed to cut and the last shot fired burst open the seams, and through these the water suddenly poured. All six were caught in the body of water and drowned like rats in a trap, before they could even think of making for a place of safety. The bodies of none of the victims have been recovered.

ume of bank clearings, as was to be expected, shows the contraction usual toward the close of the month of May, but with few exceptions the crop situation, the volume of railway earnings and the reports from a number of leading industries point to a maximum volume of business doing in most parts of the country."

FLAMES FIND A VICTIM.

One Life Is Lost in a Fire at Dallas, Tex.—Property Worth \$350,000 Is Destroyed.

Dallas, Tex., May 28.—At 2:40 Friday afternoon fire broke out in the two-story brick building lately occupied by J. F. Zang's furniture establishment. The fire spread rapidly and before the fire department had time to get effectively at work the back end of Dorsey's printing establishment on the west and Scott's furniture house on the east were in flames. Fanned by a brisk breeze the fire spread so quickly as to cause a general alarm to be turned in. From Dorsey's Lehman's wholesale saddlery house was next to succumb. By four o'clock the fire had gutted the building where it originated, Dorsey's establishment, Lehman's wholesale saddlery house, K. Shields, paints and wall paper, Mistrot's mammoth dry goods house and the New Home Sewing Machine company's office and warehouse. Total loss is about \$350,000 to \$400,000, fairly well covered by insurance.

J. W. Cowan, married, aged 25 years, salesman for K. Shields & Co., lost his life in an effort to save the books of his firm. The walls of the Dorsey building fell on him and crushed him to death. Edward Smith rushed to Cowan's rescue and was knocked senseless. He was rescued by the firemen and removed to the hospital. Fireman Burns was severely injured and City Electrician W. A. Frazier, who was handling a hose, had both wrists broken and head badly cut.

One Life Lost.

Hartland, Wis., May 28.—A water tower on F. Mayer's place on Pine lake caught fire Friday afternoon and three iron workers employed by W. Toepfer & Sons, of Milwaukee, jumped 40 feet for their lives. The fourth man, known as Herman, attempted to get down by way of the stairs and was burned up. The others are seriously injured. One may die. The property loss is small.

CALL FOR MORE TROOPS.

President McKinley Issues a Proclamation for 75,000 Additional Volunteers.

MAY BE NEEDED BEFORE WAR CLOSES.

More Officers to Be Appointed—Approximate Quotas from the Several States—Statement Showing Strength of Our Army When Fully Organized.

Washington, May 26. — The event of the day in the war situation was the issuance of a proclamation by the president calling for 75,000 more volunteers. It added a new and stirring phase to the lethargic conditions which have prevailed of late and came with almost startling unexpectedness even to many of the high officials in the army. It follows:

"By the President of the United States. A Proclamation. Whereas, An act of congress was approved on the 25th day of April, 1898, entitled 'An Act Declaring That War Exists Between the United States of America and the Kingdom of Spain,' and,

"Whereas, by an act of congress, entitled 'An Act to Provide for Temporarily Increasing the Military Establishment of the United States in Time of War and for Other Purposes,' approved April 22, 1898, the president is authorized, in order to raise a volunteer army, to issue his proclamation calling for volunteers to serve in the army of the United States.

"Now, therefore, I, William McKinley, president of the United States, by virtue of the power vested in me by the constitution and the laws, and deeming sufficient occasion to exist, have thought fit to call forth, and hereby do call forth, volunteers to the aggregate number of 75,000 in addition to the volunteers called forth by my proclamation of the 23d day of April, in the present year; the same to be apportioned, as far as practicable, among the several states and territories and the District of Columbia according to population, and to serve for two years unless sooner discharged. The proportion of each arm and the details of enlistment and organization will be made known through the war department.

"In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

"WILLIAM M'KINLEY.

"By the President,

"WILLIAM N. DAY, Secretary of State."

More Officers Needed.

The proclamation means not only the assembling of a large force of troops, but also the appointment of a number of major generals, brigadier generals, colonels, majors and staff and field officers, for the organization of this additional force of 75,000 men into army corps, divisions, brigades and regiments.

Approximate Quotas.

While the adjutant general's office has not yet undertaken to make up the quotas of the several states, the following gives an approximate estimate of the state quotas:

Alabama, 1,500; Arkansas, 1,230; California, 1,533; Colorado, 794; Connecticut, 965; Delaware, 210; Florida, 450; Georgia, 905; Idaho, 139; Illinois, 4,829; Indiana, 2,581; Iowa, 2,264; Kansas, 1,668; Kentucky, 2,045; Louisiana, 1,164; Maine, 759; Maryland, 1,168; Massachusetts, 2,832; Michigan, 2,622; Minnesota, 1,723; Mississippi, 1,265; Missouri, 1,316; Montana, 314; Nebraska, 1,446; Nevada, 142; New Hampshire, 451; New Jersey, 1,778; New York, 7,507; North Carolina, 1,361; North Dakota, 276; Ohio, 4,349; Oregon, 277; Pennsylvania, 6,458; Rhode Island, 428; South Dakota, 1,110; South Carolina, 448; Tennessee, 1,036; Texas, 1,464; Utah, 235; Vermont, 297; Virginia, 1,673; Washington, 704; West Virginia, 833; Wisconsin, 1,385; Wyoming, 138; Arizona, 169; District of Columbia, 198; New Mexico, 269; Oklahoma, 88.

Strength of the Army.

Washington, May 26.—Adj. Gen. Corbin has prepared a statement showing the strength of the military forces of the United States when organized in accordance with the plans now under way:

"Regular army, 62,000 men; volunteers from states (first call), 125,000 men; three cavalry regiments at large, 3,000 men; ten infantry regiments, United States volunteers (immunes), 10,000; engineers-at-large, 3,500; volunteers called for to-day, 75,000. This makes a grand total of 278,500 men."

England May Take a Hand.

London, May 24.—The Daily Chronicle, commenting on a dispatch from its correspondent at Kingston, Jamaica, who says that England has thrown 13 months' supplies in to Jamaica, where all the officers have had their leaves withdrawn, asks if England is going to take a hand in the Hispano-American war and couples its correspondent's report with the rumor current in Liverpool yesterday that France is trying to buy the Canaries for \$30,000,000.

Crisis Near at Hand.

Madrid, May 24.—The mutterings of the people throughout Spain are becoming ominous, and the government officials think a crisis near at hand. A bread famine is beginning, and it is believed that unless the European powers intervene between the United States and Spain the storm now gathering will burst before many days, sweeping the present dynasty out of power forever.

Ordered to Tampa.

Springfield, Ill., May 25.—Col. Casimir Andel, commanding the Fourth regiment, on Tuesday received orders to report with his regiment at Tampa, Fla. The Fourth is not well equipped, and it will probably be two or three days before the regiment leaves Camp Tanner.

UNFORTUNATE COLORS.

Jaundiced Man with Red Necktie Is Taken for a Spaniard and Has a Narrow Escape.

The man with the yellow jaundice leaned up against the drug store at the corner of Harrison and Halsted street and wiped the perspiration from his forehead. He was badly out of breath and he consequently talked rather spasmodically to his friend.

"I tell you, I've had a mighty narrow escape," he gasped.

"Why, how's that?" asked his companion.

"They party near mobbed me just now down here on Blue Island avenue."

"Mobbed you? Why, what in the deuce are you talkin' about?"

"That's right. That's what they party near did. They just liked to get my pelt, I tell you—an' I hadn't done a thing, either."

"What did they have agin you?"

"You see that red necktie I got on? Well, that was the cause of the whole trouble."

"I was goin' along down Blue Island when I came to a gang out in front of a saloon talkin' war. I stopped to hear what the latest was. I wasn't doin' a thing when some cove sings out: 'Look at this Spaniard right here in the crowd.' Everybody turns on me an' a brick just grazes my ear. I says: 'I ain't no Spaniard; what you talkin' about?'"

"You bet he is; he's got the Spanish flag on 'im right now," yells another. But I didn't catch on yet. 'That's right,' shouts another man, 'the yaller's on his face and the red's in his necktie—lynch him.' The whole crowd made for me and I cut for this corner. I give 'em the dodge two or three times and got away. But say, I've got to wear a different colored necktie till I git over these yaller janders."—Chicago Chronicle.

HOW RELIEF CAME.

From Cole County Democrat, Jefferson City, Mo.

When a gripe visited this section, about seven years ago, Herman H. Eveler, of 811 W. Main St., Jefferson, Mo., was one of the victims, and has since been troubled with the after-effects of the disease. He is a well-known contractor and builder, a business requiring much mental and physical work.

A year ago his health began to fail, and he was obliged to discontinue work. That he lives to-day is almost a miracle. He says:

"I was troubled with shortness of breath, palpitation of the heart and a general debility. My back also pained me severely."

"I tried one doctor after another and numerous remedies suggested by my friends, but without apparent benefit, and began to give up hope."

Then I saw Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People extolled in a St. Louis paper, and after investigation, decided to give them a trial.

"After using the first box I felt wonderfully relieved and was satisfied that the pills were putting me on the road to recovery. I bought two more boxes and continued taking them."

"After taking four boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People I am restored to good health. I feel like a new man, and having the will and energy of my former days returned, I am capable of transacting my business with increased ambition."

"Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are a wonderful medicine and anyone that is afflicted with shortness of breath, palpitation of the heart, nervous prostration and general debility, will find that these pills are the specific. HERMAN H. EVERER."

Subscribed and sworn to before me, a Notary Public, this 24th day of May, 1897.

ADAM POUTSZONG, Notary Public.

Mr. Eveler will gladly answer any inquiry regarding this if stamp is enclosed.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure people troubled with the after-effects of the gripe, because they act directly on the impure blood. They are also a specific for chronic erysipelas, catarrh, rheumatism and all diseases due to impure or impoverished blood.

Pursued by Fate.—"McGuffin thinks he has more bad luck than any man living."

"Any special instance?" "Yes; if he happens to have a counterfeit half dollar it is always the one his wife picks out to leave in his pocket."—Detroit Free Press.

Our American Policy.

The policy of this country regarding foreign complications seems likely to remain conservative. The Monroe doctrine, according to the declaration of our leading politicians, will be sustained, but patience and prudence in official quarters will restrain the exuberance of public opinion. The wisest and most prudent course for the rheumatic and the malarious is to use Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which also cures kidney complaint and dyspepsia.

Why He Stood Outside.

Benevolent Old Gent—Boy, why do you stand on the doorstep shivering? Why don't you go into the house?

Small Boy—I dare not, sir; father and mother are discussing the question: "Is marriage a failure?" and mother has got father down and giving it to him. Can't you hear him yelling? You had better move on, guv'nor. When mother gets to arguing she makes things precious warm for us.—Spare Moments.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

An Important Point.

Wheeler—Ah, that was a glorious victory of Dewey's.

Sprockets—It would seem so, but I shall reserve my own opinion of it until I find out what make of wheel he rides.—Chicago Evening News.

Shake Into Your Shoes.

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, nervous, smarting feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it to-day. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

In a Havana Restaurant.

Hungry Man—I asked you for a ham sandwich, didn't I?

Waiter—Yes, senor.

"Well, this isn't pork."

"But mules have hams as well as pigs, senor."—Cleveland Leader.

Many People Cannot Drink.

coffee at night. It spoils their sleep. You can drink Grain-O when you please and sleep like a top. For Grain-O does not stimulate; it nourishes, cheers and feeds. Yet it looks and tastes like the best coffee. For nervous persons, young people and children Grain-O is the perfect drink. Made from pure grains. Get a package from your grocer to-day. Try it in place of coffee. 15 and 25c.

Better.

He—Wealth will not buy happiness.

She—No, but it will purchase a coronet.—Up to Date.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Ethics of Friendship.

"How sweet to have a friend whom you can trust!" "Yes, especially if he doesn't ask you to trust him."—Chicago Record.

I use Piso's Cure for Consumption both in my family and practice.

—Dr. G. W. Patterson, Inkster, Mich., Nov. 5, 1894.

The gift of silence is often more valuable than the gift of speech.—Ram's Horn.

A GREAT REMEDY.

Greatly Tested.

Greatly Recommended.

The loss of the hair is one of the most serious losses a woman can undergo. Beautiful hair gives many women a claim to beauty which would be utterly wanting if the locks were short and scanty. It is almost as serious a loss when the natural hue of the hair begins to fade, and the shining tresses of chestnut and auburn are changed to gray or to a faded shadow of their former brightness. Such a loss is no longer a necessity. There is one remedy which may well be called a great remedy by reason of its great success in stopping the falling of the hair, cleansing the scalp of dandruff, and restoring the lost color to gray or faded tresses. Dr. Ayer's Hair Vigor is a standard and reliable preparation, in use in thousands of homes, and recommended by everyone who has tested it and experienced the remarkable results that follow its use. It makes hair grow. It restores the original color to hair that has turned gray or faded out. It stops hair from falling, cleanses the scalp of dandruff, and gives the hair a thickness and gloss that no other preparation can produce.

Mrs. Herzmann, of 356 East 68th St., New York City, writes:

"A little more than a year ago, my hair began turning gray and falling out, and although I tried ever so many things to prevent a continuance of these conditions, I obtained no satisfaction until I tried Dr. Ayer's Hair Vigor. After using one bottle my hair was restored to its natural color, and ceased falling out."—Mrs. HERZMANN, 356 East 68th St., New York City.

"I have sold Dr. Ayer's Hair Vigor for fifteen years, and I do not know of a case where it did not give entire satisfaction. I have been, and am now using it myself for dandruff and gray hair, and am thoroughly convinced that it is the best on the market. Nothing that I ever tried can touch it. It affords me great pleasure to recommend it to the public."—FRANK M. GROVE, Fausdale, Ala.

There's more on this subject in Dr. Ayer's Curebook. A story of cures told by the cured. This book of 100 pages is sent free, on request, by the J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Comfort in your journey to the Eastern Summer Resorts is best obtained via

Send for handsomely illustrated Tourist Book.

The LAKE SHORE and MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RY.

A. J. SMITH, Gen. Pass. & Tkt. Agt. CLEVELAND.

C. K. WILBER, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt. CHICAGO.

PAINT YOUR WALLS & CEILINGS.

CALCIMO FRESCO TINTS

FOR DECORATING WALLS AND CEILINGS. Purchase a package of Calcimo paint dealer and do your own kalsomining. This material is made on scientific principles by machinery and milled in twenty-four tints and is superior to any concoction of Glue and Whiting that can possibly be made by hand. To be mixed with Cold Water.

SEND FOR SAMPLE COLOR CARDS and if you cannot purchase this material from your local dealers let us know and we will put you in the way of obtaining it.

THE MURALO COMPANY, NEW BRIGHTON, S. I., NEW YORK.

WHEN HAMLET EXCLAIMED "AYE, THERE'S THE RUB!" COULD HE HAVE REFERRED TO

SAPOLIO

"BIG FOUR ROUTE"

THE GREAT THROUGH CAR LINE TO CINCINNATI, ST. LOUIS, NEW YORK, & BOSTON

THE BEST ROUTE BETWEEN Cincinnati and Chicago, St. Louis, Toledo and Detroit

ELEGANT DINING CARS

M. E. INGALLS, President. E. O. MCORMICK, Passenger Traffic Manager. WARREN J. LYNCH, Asst. Gen'l. Pass. & Tkt. Agt.

To Alaska Gold Fields

by new EMPIRE LINE 3,500 ton steamers "Ontario," "Pennsylvania," "Illinois," "Indiana," "Columbia." Specially fitted with steam heat, electric lights and all modern improvements.

SEATTLE TO ST. MICHAEL, appointed to sail about June 15, 22, 29; July 13, 20, 27. These large ocean steamers, so well known in the transatlantic business, in connection with our own fleet of 18 New Vessels for the Yukon River traffic, furnish by far the best route to Dawson City and all other Yukon River points.

"ALL WATER ROUTE."

REMEMBER that this line enables passengers to reach the heart of the Gold Fields without enduring the hardships, exposure, severe toil and danger to life and property encountered on the Overland routes. Apply to

EMPIRE TRANSPORTATION CO., 607 First Ave. SEATTLE, WASH., or to **INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION COMPANY,** 143 La Salle Street, CHICAGO, ILL., or their agents in the United States or Canada.

IF YOU are interested in **EAST CENTRAL NEBRASKA** University or the University of California, including four years' course, board, lodging, & railway fare. Stamp for particulars.

PROSPY NEW DISCOVERY: gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Send for book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S 3055, Atlanta, Ga.

The Overland Monthly, San Francisco, offers free scholarships at the Stanford University or the University of California, including four years' course, board, lodging, & railway fare. Stamp for particulars.

7,000,000 Acres—Farms, Timber, Mineral. Colorado, Idaho, South; cheap, easy terms. FREE CATALOGUE. W. H. CRAWFORD & CO., Nashville, Tenn.

WELL MACHINERY—Boring and Drilling. LOUIS & NYMAN, PLEASANTON, Ohio.

A. N. K.—A 1711

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISEES please state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS—CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Prepared by **DR. J. C. WATSON**

Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

The Similar Signature of **Dr. J. C. Watson** NEW YORK.

At 6 months old 35 DROPS—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of **Dr. J. C. Watson**

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THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

OLD BICYCLES Made New

At Chicago

Cutting down, remodeling to present style, re-enameled, re-nickeling. It is entirely practical for people living at a distance to secure **HIGHEST GRADE WORK AT LOWEST PRICES** (freight paid on cheap). Saddles, chains, pedals, tires, etc., supplied at close prices.

ASK ABOUT "WHIPPLE'S PUNCTURINE."

For repair price-list address mail order dept., WHIPPLE CYCLE CO., 269 W. Jackson St., Chicago.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

WELL MACHINERY—Boring and Drilling. LOUIS & NYMAN, PLEASANTON, Ohio.

A. N. K.—A 1711

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISEES please state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

Ordinance No. 19.

An Ordinance relative to the Water Works of the Village of Chelsea, and establishing rules, regulations and penalties for government of consumers, plumbers and others.

The Village of Chelsea Ordains:

Sec. 1. That the rules and regulations hereinafter set forth shall be considered a part of the contract with every person, company, or corporation that is supplied with water through the Water system of the Village. And every such person, company or corporation by taking water shall be considered to express his, their or its consent to be bound thereby; and whenever any of them are violated, or such others as the Council may hereinafter adopt, the water shall be cut off from the building or place of such violation, although two or more parties may receive through the same pipe, and shall not be let on again except by order of the Council or Water Works and Electric Light Committee, and on the payment of the expenses of shutting it off and turning it on, and such other terms as the said Committee shall determine, and a satisfactory understanding with the party or the parties that no further cause of complaint shall arise; and in case of such violation, the Council shall have the right to declare any payment made for water by the person committing such violation to be forfeited and the same shall thereupon be forfeited.

Sec. 2. Any plumber wishing to do business in connection with the Village of Chelsea Water Works, before entering into an agreement to do so, must furnish the Committee on Water Works and Electric Light satisfactory evidence that he is a competent plumber, master of his trade and willing in all respects to be governed by the bylaws, rules, and regulation which are or may be adopted by the Council or said Committee. Said plumber shall also be responsible for all damages the Village may sustain at his hands; he shall also enter into bonds in the sum of one Thousand Dollars with two good and sufficient sureties, subject to the approval of the said Committee to indemnify and save harmless the Village of Chelsea, of and from all accidents, damages, and losses which said Village may sustain by reason of his failure to comply with all rules and regulations which are now or may hereafter be established by the Council or said Committee.

Sec. 3. Plumbers shall make full and complete return to the Secretary of said Committee of the uses for and to which water is applied under any permit granted. Said return shall be made by the plumber doing the work within forty-eight hours after the completion of said work and must contain a complete list of all articles and fixtures used, as the water will not be turned on any premises until after said return is made and the work reported to be in accordance with the rules and regulations herein prescribed.

Sec. 4. Plumbers in making returns of permits shall give name of street or lot line in which the attachment has been made, and whether the service pipe enters the premises on the North, South, East or West line of said Street; and also state accurately the distance of the service cock from the near side line of the nearest cross street, lane or alley, or other well defined public place; the measurements to be recorded in feet and twelfths of a foot, and made in a direction parallel with the side line of the named street to where said line intersects the near side line of the nearest cross street lane or alley, in cases where the alignment of any street lane or alley, is not well defined the measurement must be continued until a well defined street line is reached, which must be intelligently described in the return.

Sec. 5. No plumber, pipe fitter or other person shall make any attachment to any old pipe or water fixture in premises from which the water has been shut off and the supply discontinued, without the party desiring such work to be done having first made application and obtained a reissue and permit for the same; nor shall any plumber, pipe-fitter, or other person make any alteration in any pipe or water fixture attached to the water works distributing pipes, to conduct water into adjoining premises or into stables, baths water closets, wash basins, cisterns, fountains or for any other purpose whatever without application having first been made, and a written permit obtained from the secretary for each and every separate job of such modification in the water fixtures; and in no case shall any plumber, after the completion of any job of plumbing work be it in the first introduction of service pipes, or extensions, or a repair, leave the water turned on, on the premises, but shall in all cases close the service cock on the sidewalk, and return his permit.

Sec. 6. No service connections or other attachments to any of the water mains shall be made except by brass ferrule or lead pipe and in no case will lead pipe be allowed between the mains and service

cocks weighing less per foot than as follows:

- 3/8 inch bore, 2 lbs.
- 1/2 inch bore, 2 lbs., 7 oz.
- 5/8 inch bore, 3 lbs.
- 3/4 inch bore, 3 lbs. 8 oz.
- 1 inch bore, 4 lbs. 12 oz.
- 1 1/4 inch bore, 6 lbs.
- 1 1/2 inch bore, 7 lbs. 2 oz.

No pipe other than the above will be allowed nor will any party using pipe other than the foregoing be allowed to connect with the Water Works except by special arrangement with the Water Works and Electric Light Committee. All joints in lead pipe must be wipe joints and all connections with mains must be at least two feet from any joint therein or from any other connection.

Sec. 7. Any plumber or pipe-fitter who shall be guilty of a violation of any of the by-laws, rules, or regulations adopted by the Common Council or the Water Works and Electric Light Committee shall forfeit his contract. Such forfeiture shall operate as a suspension of the contract held by any co-partner in the same business or any person in his employ.

Sec. 8. All Water rents are payable at the office of the Secretary of the Water Works and Electric Light Committee; and the same shall be paid quarterly on the first day of January, April, July and October of each year in advance. If not paid within three days, than ten per cent penalty shall be added, and if not paid within thirty days the water shall be cut off, and the same shall not be turned on again until all arrears of rents and penalties due from such party are paid, together with the sum of one dollar, such money to be placed to the credit of the Water Works Fund. Meter rates to be paid monthly. Ten per cent penalty will be added if the rent is not paid in ten days after the same shall be payable.

Sec. 9. No person, except the authorized agents of the Council or the Chief Engineer of the fire department shall take water from any public or private fire hydrant, fire plug, street washer, draw cock, hose pipe or fountain (except for fire purposes or for the use of the fire department in case of fire) nor shall in any way use or take any water for private use which is furnished by the waterworks, unless such person shall first pay for the privilege and receive the usual permit from the said Committee so to do.

Sec. 10. Persons wishing water must get a special permit from the Secretary, for each building, residence, business, etc. For each original permit a charge of \$7.50 will be made two and one half dollars of which will be applied on water rates and the remainder placed to the credit of the water works fund.

Sec. 11. The expense of tapping the mains and inserting corporation cock, and connecting the same with the service cock and placing the box thereon, together with the furnishing of all material necessary for the completion of the above shall be defrayed by the Water Works and Electric Light Committee and it shall be and remain the property of the said Village of Chelsea.

The service cock and the box shall be placed inside the curbstone on all paved streets, except in cases where vaults have been built under the sidewalk, when they shall be placed outside of and as near the curb as practicable; on unpaved streets they shall be placed 12 feet from lot lines or as near as may be convenient.

Sec. 12. Every lead service pipe must be laid sufficiently waving to allow of not less than six inches extra length to each rod of pipe laid, and in such a manner as to prevent rupture by settlement. Every service pipe must be provided with a stop and waste cock for each consumer, easily accessible and so situated that the water can be conveniently shut off and drained from the pipes.

Sec. 13. The Council, or its representatives shall be authorized to enter and have free access at all reasonable hours to premises to ascertain the location or condition of all hydrants, pipes, or other fixtures attached to said works, and in each case if it is found that water is wasted on account of negligence or for the want of repairs, and if such waste is not immediately remedied, the water shall be turned off. In case any defect in a private pipe is discovered between the city service pipe and the stop-cock, notice in writing shall be left at the premises, and if necessary repairs are not made within twenty four hours thereafter, the water shall be stopped and shall not be turned on again until the sum of three dollars has been paid to the Secretary, such money to be placed to the credit of the Water Works fund.

Sec. 14. Persons taking water must keep their service pipe and all fixtures connected therewith in good repair and protected from frost at their own expense, and must prevent all unnecessary waste, or the water will be shut off. Whenever water has been turned off by reason of negligence, wastefulness or failure to comply with any of the provisions of the ordinance of the Village, the same shall

not be turned on again till the party has paid to the Secretary of the Water Works and Electric Light Committee the sum of one dollar, which shall be placed to the credit of the Water Works fund.

Sec. 15. In sprinkling the streets each taker must confine himself to one-half the width of the street of his own frontage for which he pays water rent as per tariff of water rates. In case he sprinkles or permits to be sprinkled more than the above frontage, he shall be charged for the whole at the same rate per lot.

Sec. 16. Any consumer or consumers of water who shall permit others, not members of his or their family, or families, to use water from his or their hydrants, faucets, or other device without knowing that the proper water rent has been paid, and any one who shall thus obtain water without permit from the Secretary shall be fined in a sum not less than one or more than ten dollars, and the water shut off until the same is paid.

Sec. 17. Hydrants, hose attachments, faucets, and any other device which the consumer may adopt for obtaining water from the service pipes shall not be located so as to be accessible to persons living in or occupying neighboring premises, or to the public, and the water shall not be turned on such hydrants, faucet, or other device until such hydrant is removed to some unexposed place on said premises.

Sec. 18. Parties desiring water for cisterns, tanks, or other intermittent will be charged regular rates as per schedule or furnish at their own expense a water meter, to be approved by the said Committee. Persons intending to build or repair any building for which the water from the Water Works is to be used, shall make application to the Secretary, giving the certified statement of the architect or builder, of the number of brick, perches of masonry, yards of plastering to be laid and other uses for the water, and pay the schedule rates therefor. The Secretary shall thereupon grant a permit to use the water for said purpose to the extent of the work returned by the architect or builder. Any abuse of this privilege or neglect to guard against the use of water for other than that stated in the permit, will subject the owner to have the water turned off and it will not be turned on again until satisfactory assurances are given that like abuses shall not again occur.

Sec. 19. Hydrants, taps, hose, water closets, urinals, baths, or other fixtures, will not be permitted to be kept running when not in actual use, without special permit and the payment of additional rates, such rates to be determined by the said Water Works and Electric Light Committee.

Sec. 20. The use of the hand hose is permitted at all hours in the day for any of the purposes named in the permit, to-wit: sprinkling streets, yards and gardens, washing sidewalks, walks, steps, windows, and fronts, except as herein limited, that is to say: for sprinkling lawns, yards and gardens, the water may be used only between the hours of five and nine in the morning, and five and nine in the afternoon, and its use for these purposes at other times of the night or day is prohibited. But when there is an alarm of fire the use of the hand hose is prohibited for any of the purposes mentioned in this section. The water shall be turned off from premises where the provisions of this section have been or are being violated, and the same shall not be turned on again until the sum of One Dollar has been paid to the Secretary of the said Committee, to be placed to the credit of the Water Works fund.

Sec. 21. Any person wishing to discontinue the use of the water, must give notice thereof in writing to the Secretary on or before the day to which the rent has been paid, or they will be charged with water rent to the next rent day.

Sec. 22. Service pipes intended to supply two or more premises or tenements, and where only one stop cock is used, the person or persons controlling the same must pay the water rent of all parties who are thus supplied, as separate water bills will not be made.

Sec. 23. No hose shall be used in any case unless a permit for such has been properly applied for and allowed by the said Secretary, and in no case shall it be used without a nozzle, and the nozzle shall not exceed one-fourth of an inch in diameter, unless specially authorized. Hose larger than three-quarter inch will not be permitted, except upon payment of an additional charge.

Sec. 24. No claim shall be made against the Village of Chelsea by reason of the breaking of any pipe or service cock; or for any other interruption of the supply, or by reason of the breaking of any machinery or stoppage for necessary repairs.

Sec. 25. No permit shall be understood to authorize anything not explicitly and truthfully stated in the application, and any misrepresentation in such application the plumber shall report to the said Secretary.

Sec. 26. No person authorized to open hydrants shall delegate his authority to another, or let out, or suffer any person to take the wrenches furnished him, or suffer the same to be taken from any hose house of said Village, except for purposes strictly connected with the fire department or as they accompany hose carts on occasions of fire.

Sec. 27. No person will be allowed to put in hydrants, sprinklers, or private fire plugs without a stop cock.

Sec. 28. Connection with the service pipe must be laid at least four and one-half feet deep. After service pipes are laid, in refilling the openings the earth must be laid in layers of not more than nine inches in depth, and each layer thoroughly tamped or puddled to prevent settlement, and this work, together with the replacing of sidewalks, ballast and paving, must be done so as to leave the street in as good condition as before it was disturbed and to the satisfaction of the said Committee. No opening of the street for tapping mains will be allowed when the ground is frozen.

Sec. 29. If proprietors of manufactories, lumber yards, halls, stores, elevators, warehouses, hotels, or public buildings, being regular consumers of water from the works, wish to lay pipes with hydrant and hose couplings, to be used only in case of fire, they will be permitted to connect with the street mains at their own expense upon application to the said Committee and under their direction, and will be allowed the use of water for fire purposes only, free of charge; but all such pipes must be provided with a suitable valve which must be sealed by the said Committee, and a stop and waste cock attached at the bottom on the inside of the building. In case the seal is broken for the extinguishment of fire, the party shall immediately give notice to the said Committee, and in case the seal shall have been broken for any other use the party so offending shall be fined the sum of Twenty-five Dollars. No stand pipe will be allowed on premises where the water is not taken for other than fire purposes.

Sec. 30. Whenever the term Water Works Committee is used in this Ordinance, the same shall be construed to include the Manager of said Works, so far as the same may apply.

Sec. 31. Any person not an authorized agent of the Board, who shall make an excavation for the purpose of laying any water, gas, or sewer pipe, or for any other purpose whatsoever, on lines parallel with the water mains, within six feet on either side thereof, except by written permission of the said Committee, or in any alley, street or lane of this Village, except by written permission of the said Manager, shall upon conviction thereof be punished by a fine of not exceeding One Hundred Dollars, or imprisonment in the County Jail not to exceed sixty days, or both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the Court.

Sec. 32. This Ordinance shall take effect, and be in full force from and after twenty days after its passage.

Approved, May 18th, 1898, by order of the Village Council.
F. P. GLAZIER, President.
W. H. HESELSCHWERDT, Clerk.

Notice to Creditors.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the 6th day of May, A. D. 1898, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Albert Morey, late of said County, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to the Office in the City of Ann Arbor, for examination and allowance, on or before the 6th day of November next, and that such claims will be heard before said Court on the 6th day of August and on the 5th day of November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days.
Dated, Ann Arbor, May 18, A. D. 1898.
H. WIRT NEWKIRK,
Judge of Probate.

Mortgage Foreclosure.

DEFAULT having been made in the payment of a certain mortgage, made by Alexander K. Zacharias and Rebecca L. Zacharias, his wife, to Daniel Putnam, Treasurer of the Baptist Convention of the State of Michigan, dated the 6th day of October, 1888, and recorded in Liber 56 of Mortgages, on page 617, in the office of the Register of Deeds of Washtenaw County, Michigan, at 8 o'clock a. m., on the 9th day of October, 1888, which mortgage was duly assigned by said Daniel Putnam, treasurer, to the undersigned W. W. Beman, treasurer, by deed of assignment dated the 25th day of March, 1898, on which mortgage the premises described in the premises described in the mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the above indebtedness, including taxes, costs of foreclosure, and an attorney fee provided for in said mortgage. The premises so to be sold are described as follows: Lots number one (1) and two (2) according to the recorded plat of the Village of Superior, Washtenaw County, Michigan.
April 6th, 1898.
W. W. BEMAN,
Treasurer and Assignee of Mortgage.
W. D. HARRIMAN, Attorney.

Notice to Creditors.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the 25th day of May, A. D. 1898, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Richard Webb, late of said County, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to the Probate Court, in the Office in the City of Ann Arbor, for examination and allowance, on or before the 25th day of November next, and that such claims will be heard before said Court, on the 25th day of August and on the 25th day of November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days.
Dated, Ann Arbor, May 25, A. D. 1898.
H. WIRT NEWKIRK,
Judge of Probate.

Probate Order

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Tuesday the 31st day of May in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight.
Present, H. Wirt Newkirk, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of John C. Taylor, deceased.
H. M. Taylor the administratrix of said estate comes into court and represents that she is now prepared to render her final account as such administratrix.
Thereupon it is ordered, that Friday, the 24th day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be set aside for the examining and allowing such account and that the heirs-at-law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed. And it is further ordered that said administratrix give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this Order to be published in the Chelsea Herald, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.
H. WIRT NEWKIRK,
Judge of Probate.

[A true copy.]
P. J. LEHMAN, Probate Register.

Mortgage Foreclosure.

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of payment of two certain mortgages made by John Stoll and Catherine Stoll his wife, to George Bross, and dated the 8th day of March, 1880, and recorded in the Register's office of Washtenaw County, in Liber 56 of mortgages, page 196, on the 17th day of March, 1880, at 5 o'clock p. m., which mortgage was assigned to the Ann Arbor Savings Bank by deed of assignment, dated the 8th day of March, 1882, and recorded in Liber 7 of assignments of mortgages, page 348, on the 22nd day of March, 1882, at 3 o'clock and 45 minutes a. m. The other of said mortgages dated the 13th day of April, 1881, being given to Christian Mack to secure the payment of \$400, which mortgage was recorded in the Register's office of Washtenaw County, on the 21st day of April, 1881, in Liber 60 of mortgages, on page 220, and afterwards assigned by said Christian Mack to the Ann Arbor Savings Bank by deed of assignment dated the 23rd day of December, 1881, and recorded in Liber 7 of assignments, on page 348, both of said mortgages being long past due and whereas by reason of said default thereunto claimed to be due at this date on said mortgages and the notes accompanying the same the sum of Seven Hundred and Seventy-five dollars and nine cents, (\$775.09) and no part thereof having been paid, and whereas now the proceedings in law having been taken to foreclose the same or any part thereof, now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgages, and the statutes of the State of Michigan, the undersigned will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, on Saturday, the 16th day of July next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the south front door of the Court House, in the City of Ann Arbor, (that being the building in which the Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw is held), the premises described in said mortgages, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount due on said mortgages, together with the costs of this foreclosure. The premises to be sold are described as follows: That part of the east half of the north-east quarter of section 30, in Township 2 south, range 6 east, and being south of the road running from Ann Arbor to Jackson, as described as follows: Beginning on the west side of said highway from the east line of said section thence south along said McCormick's line to a certain point on the east line of said section thence south line of said quarter section, thence on said line, thence northerly and westerly along said McCormick's line to the highway aforesaid, and from thence to the place of beginning it being the place of land conveyed to said Allen by the heirs at law of said George Allen.
Dated April 18th, 1898.
ANN ARBOR SAVINGS BANK,
Assignee.
By W. D. HARRIMAN, Attorney.

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